# PRESS NOTE FOR THE NERAL ELECTIONS TO www.rot **EGISLATIVE ASSEMBLIES** OF GOA, MANIPUR, PUNJAB, **UTTARAKHAND &** UTTAR PRADESH 2022



Election Commission of India Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road, New Delhi -110001

### भारत निर्वाचन आयोग ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA

Tel. No. 011-23052246 Fax 011-23052001 Website: <u>www.eci.gov.in</u> निर्वाचन सदन, अशोक रोड, नई दिल्ली-110001. Nirvachan Sadan, Asoka Road, New Delhi-110001 Dated: 08<sup>th</sup> January, 2022

No. ECI/PN/3/2022

#### PRESS NOTE

Subject: General Election to Legislative Assemblies of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh, 2022 -reg.

\*\*\*\*\*

**Uttar typin and Uttar Pradesh** is due to expire on the following dates. The term and the strength of the Assemblies is also indicated as below:

	terry and the strength of the Assemblies is also indicated as below:		
ANN'S	Name of State	me of State Term of Assembly	
	Goa	16th March, 2017 to 15th March, 2022	40
	Manipur	20 <sup>th</sup> March, 2017 to 19 <sup>th</sup> March, 2022	60
	Punjab	24 <sup>th</sup> March, 2017 to 23 <sup>th</sup> March, 2022	117
	Uttarakhand	24 <sup>th</sup> March, 2017 to 23 <sup>th</sup> March, 2022	70
	Uttar Pradesh	15 <sup>th</sup> May, 2017 to 14 <sup>th</sup> May, 2022	403

Election Commission of India (hereinafter ECI or Commission) is committed to conduct free, fair, peaceful, participative, accessible, inclusive and safe election to the Legislative Assemblies of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh before the cessation of its term, in exercise of the authority and powers conferred upon under Article 324 read with Article 172 (1) of the Constitution of India and Section 15 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951. Art 172(1) states clearly that" Every Legislative Assembly of every state, unless sooner dissolved, shall continue for five years ..**and no longer**.."

#### 1. Assembly Constituencies-

The total number of Assembly Constituencies in the States of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh and seats reserved for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, as determined by the Delimitation of Parliamentary and Assembly Constituencies Order, 2008, are as under: -

	State	Total No. of	<b>Reserved for SCs</b>	<b>Reserved for STs</b>
		ACs		
	Goa	40	1	-
	Manipur	60	1	19
	Runjab	117	34	-
ć	Uttarakhand	70	13	2
N.C.	Uttar Pradesh	403	84	2
MMM.	Total	690	133	23
<b>2</b> .	Commission wor	ks with three hro	ad objectives this tir	ne- First Covid safe

2. Commission works with three broad objectives this time- First, Covid safe Election; Two, hassle free comfortable voting experience and Three, maximum voter participation.

For last more than 6 months the entire election machinery was gearing up for these elections. Periodic reviews were done and senior officers of ECI held detailed meetings to review all aspects of poll preparation. A lot of Advance planning and meticulous preparation have been done. In the month of December, 2021, Commission visited 4 poll bound states to review poll preparedness. It discussed with various political parties and elicited their views and suggestions. It also met the Chief Secretaries, DGPs and other Enforcement Agencies in the states on various issues of preparedness.

As the covid cases showed a resurgence especially in view of the new Variant of Concern-Omicron, Commission held meetings with the Health Secretary, Govt of India and health experts. It also held discussions with the Union Home Secretary on this issue. After taking all these views and the ground situation, Commission decided to announce elections to the five states.

3. Chief Secretaries of all poll going states have been directed to **accelerate the first and second dose of vaccination** to all eligible citizens above 18 years.

As on Jan 7, 2022: in Goa, more than 95.8% people have been vaccinated with both doses. In Uttarakhand 99.67% people have got their first dose and 82.39% have got the second dose. In Uttar Pradesh, 89.35% population had been administered first dose and more than 52% had taken both doses. In Punjab 81.9% had been given first dose of vaccination and 45.6% covered by both doses. In Manipur, 59.6% had been jabbed with first dose while 44.8% had been administered both doses. In absolute figures, as on Jan 7, 2022 more than 15 crore people in these five states together have got the first dose of vaccine and more than 9 crore had been administered both doses.

4. Commission has directed that all central/state government officials **deployed for election duty shall be doubly vaccinated**. On the recommendation of ECI, the Union Health Ministry has issued orders on 8th February 2021 that all **election officials and employees will be treated as frontline workers** and **all eligible officials shall be given a precautionary booster dose** accordingly.

#### 5. Electoral Rolls-

www.r

Commission firmly believes that pure and updated electoral rolls are the foundation of free, fair and credible election. Hence, intensive and sustained focus is placed upon improving their quality, health and fidelity. Commission had directed the State election machinery of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh to ensure a smooth, effective, inclusive and time-bound completion of Special Summary Revision of Electoral Rolls with reference to 01.01.2022 as the qualifying date. Accordingly, the final publication of electoral roll has been done in Goa, Manipur, Punjab, Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh on 05.01.2022.

As per electoral roll data w.r.t. 01.01.2022 as the qualifying date, the number of electors in the State of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh are:

	State	No. of General Electors	No. of Service Voters	Total No. of electors as per electoral rolls
	Coa	11,56,464	298	11,56,762
	Manipur	20,34,966	21,935	20,56,901
0,	Punjab	2,12,75,066	1,13,698	2,13,88,764
www.ro	Uttarakhand	81,43,922	94,265	82,38,187
Mrs	Uttar Pradesh	15,02,84,005	2,98,745	15,05,82,750
	Total	18,28,94,423	5,28,941	18,34,23,364

Number of Electors marked as PwD in the State of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh are:

Name of State	Total PwD Electors
Goa	9,643
Manipur	14,651
Punjab	1,44,667
Uttarakhand	68,478
Uttar Pradesh	10,64,266

### 6. <u>Photo Electoral Rolls and Electors Photo Identity Cards (EPIC):</u>

Photo Electoral Rolls and Electors Photo Identity Cards (EPIC) will be used during the General Election of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh.

### 7. Identification of Voters at Polling Stations -

For identification at Polling Station, voter shall present her/his EPIC or any of the following identification documents approved by the Commission along with the Voter Information Slips:

- i. Aadhaar Card,
- ii. MNREGA Job Card,
- iii. Passbooks with photograph issued by Bank/Post Office,
- Health Insurance Smart Card issued under the scheme of Ministry of iv. Labour,

- viii. Indian Passport, ix. Pension dec Service Identity Cards with photograph issued to employees by Central/State Govt./PSUs/Public Limited Companies, and
  - xi. Official identity cards issued to MPs/MLAs/MLCs.

#### 8. Voter Information Slips (VIS)

To facilitate voters in knowing the serial number of electoral roll of their polling station, date of poll, time etc., Commission vide decision dated 26.02.2021, has decided to issue 'Voter Information Slip' to the voters in place of Photo Voter Slip. Voter Information Slip will include information like Polling Station, Date, Time etc. but not the photograph of the voter. Voter Information Slips will be distributed at least 5 days before the date of poll to all enrolled electors, by the District Election Officer. However, Voter Information Slip will not be allowed as proof of identity of voters. It may be

recalled that the <u>Commission had discontinued Photo Voter Slips as an identity</u> proof with effect from 28<sup>th</sup> February, 2019.

#### **Braille Voter Information Slips:**

To ensure ease of participation and active engagement of Persons with Disabilities (PwDs) in the electoral process, Commission has directed to issue Accessible Voter Information Slips with Braille Features to Persons with Visual Impairment, along with normal Voter Information Slips.

# 9. Voter Guide:

NNN .!

In these elections, a Voter Guide (in Hindi/English/Local Language) shall be provided to every elector's household ahead of elections, giving them information about the date and time of polls, contact details of the BLOs, important websites, helpline numbers, documents required for identification at the polling station besides other important information including the <u>Do's and Don'ts</u> for voters at the polling station. This Voter Guide Brochure will be distributed along with Voter Information Slips by the BLOs. Voter guide also contains important information like COVID guidelines and Do's & Don'ts for the voters.

10. **Nomination Process-** Brief description about additional facilities/directions about the process of nomination are as given below:

**I.** Additional option to facilitate <u>online mode</u> in nomination has been provided:

1) Nomination form will also be available online on the website of CEO/DEO. Any intending candidate may fill it online and its print may be taken for submission before the Returning Officer as specified in Form-1 (Rule-3 of Conduct of Election Rules 1961).

- 2) Affidavit may also be filled online on the website of CEO/DEO, its print can be taken and after notarization it may be submitted along with the nomination form before the Returning Officer.
- 3) Candidate may deposit security money through online mode at the designated platform. However, a candidate will continue to have the option of deposit in cash in the treasury.
- 4) Candidate may also exercise the option to seek his/her elector certification for the purpose of nomination online.
- II. Further, Commission has directed the following:
- 1) Number of persons to accompany candidate for submission of Nomination is restricted to two (2) instead of five (5). (This is in www.roy supersession of existing Para 5.8.1 of Returning Officer's Handbook 2019)
  - 2) Number of vehicles for the purposes of nomination is restricted to two (2) instead of three (3). (This is in supersession of existing Para 5.8.1 of Returning Officer's Handbook 2019)
  - 3) Returning Officer's chamber should have sufficient space to perform the functions of nomination, scrutiny and symbol allocation following social distancing norms.
  - 4) Returning Officer should allot staggered time in advance to prospective candidates.
  - 5) Large space for waiting for candidate(s) should be arranged.
  - 6) All steps required to be taken for the submission of nomination form and affidavit shall continue to operate as per the provisions contained in the Representation of the People Act, 1951.

#### 11. Polling Stations and Special Facilitation-

#### 1) Maximum No. of electors in Polling Station

There shall be maximum 1250 electors instead of 1500 electors in a polling station. Accordingly, the change in the number of Polling Stations in these States is as follows:

•	Name of State	No. of Polling Stations in 2017	No. of Polling Stations in 2022	% Increase in No. of Polling Stations
	Goa	1,642	1,722	4.87%
	Manipur	2,794	2,959	5.91%
_	Punjab	22,600	24,689	9.24%
_	Urtarakhand	10,854	11,647	7.31%
Ó,	Uttar Pradesh	1,47,148	1,74,351	18.49%
. NNN FQ				
2		· · · · · ·	<b>AMF) at Polling Stati</b> tions to the Chief Ele	

#### 2) Assured Minimum Facilities (AMF) at Polling Stations:

Commission has issued instructions to the Chief Electoral Officers of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh to ensure that every Polling Station needs to be on ground floor and, shall have good access road leading to Polling station building and is equipped with Assured Minimum Facilities (AMF) like drinking water, waiting shed, toilet with water facility, adequate arrangements for lighting, ramp of appropriate gradient for the PwD electors and a standard voting compartment etc. This will be further supplemented with COVID mitigation measures like sanitizers, thermal scanner, soap etc., as notified from time to time.

#### 3) Polling Station Arrangements

In view of prevailing COVID situation, Commission has issued detailed instructions for assured minimum facilities at each polling station which are mentioned in Para 2 above. In addition, they will include:

- Mandatory sanitization of Polling Station, preferably, a day before (1)the poll.
- (2) Thermal checking of voters at entry point of polling station

- o statf or Para Medical - o statf or Para

- (4) Help Desk for distribution of token to the voters on first come first basis so that they do not wait in the queue.
- (5) Markers to demonstrate social distancing for queue.
- (6) Earmarking circle for 15-20 persons of 2 yards (6 feet) distance for voters standing in the queue depending on the availability of space. There shall be three queues each, for male, female, and PwD/ Senior citizen voters.
- (7) The services of BLOs, volunteers etc may be engaged to monitor and regulate social distancing norms strictly.
- (8) One shaded waiting areas with chairs, dari etc. will be provided, for male and female separately, within the polling station premises
- (9) Wherever possible, Booth App shall be used at the polling station.

- (10) Face Masks will be kept in reserve for those electors who are not carrying their mask.
- (11) Awareness posters on COVID should be displayed at visible locations.
- (12) If polling agent or counting agent has temperature above the prescribed limit, then their reliever shall be allowed by Presiding Officer, who will keep a record of the same.

- voter, voters will be aneur facemask for identification, when (15) COVID patients and others who are ~ to cast their vote authorities, strictly following COVID related preventive measures. Sector Magistrates shall coordinate this in their allocated polling stations. Record of such electors shall be maintained by the Presiding Officer.
  - (16) Proper mechanism of collection and disposal of waste / used gloves, masks etc shall be put in place at each Polling Station for disposal as per standard health protocol.
  - 4) Facilitation for Persons with Disabilities (PwDs) and Senior **Citizens:**

In Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh, all polling stations are located at ground floor and sturdy ramps with proper gradient are provided for the convenience of differently abled electors with wheelchairs. Further, in order to provide targeted and need-based facilitation to differently-abled voters, Commission has directed that all Persons with Disabilities and Senior Citizens in an Assembly Constituency are identified and tagged to their respective Polling Stations and necessary disability-specific arrangements made for their smooth and convenient voting experience on poll day. Identified PwD and Senior Citizens electors will be assisted by volunteers appointed by RO/DEO. Special facilitation will be made for PwD and Senior Citizens electors at Polling Stations. Also, it has been directed that differently abled electors are given priority for entering polling booths, provision made for designated parking spaces close to the entrance of polling station premise and special facilitation extended to electors with speech and hearing impairment. Special focus has been laid on sensitization of polling personnel regarding special needs of the differently abled electors.

Commission has directed the Chief Electoral Officers (CEOs) that there should be proper transport facility for PwD electors and Senior Citizens electors in each and every polling station on the day of poll. PwD electors and Senior Citizen electors will be provided free pass for using public transport on poll day.

#### 5) Voter Facilitation Posters:

www.roy

In order to fulfil the statutory requirements under Rule 31of the Conduct of Elections Rules, 1961 and to provide accurate and relevant information for voter awareness and information at each polling station, the Commission has also directed that uniform and standardized Voter Facilitation Posters (VFP) [total of FOUR (4) kind of Posters i.e. 1. Polling Station Details, 2. List of Candidates, 3. Dos and Don'ts and 4. Approved Identification Documents & How to Vote] shall be prominently displayed at all Polling Stations. Additionally, Chief Electoral Officer will ensure display of COVID related safety measures for the voters at each Polling Station for voters' awareness.

#### 6) Voter Assistance Booths (VAB):

www.ro

Voter Assistance Booths shall be set up for every polling station location, having a team of BLO/officials in order to assist voters to correctly locate her /his polling booth number and serial number in the electoral roll of that concerned polling booth. The VABs will be set up with prominent signage and in such a manner that it will be conspicuous to the voters as they approach the polling premise/building to enable them to seek required facilitation on poll day.

Alphabetic locator (as per English alphabet) generated with ERO Net is placed at VAB to search the name easily and to know the serial number in the Electoral Roll.

#### 7) Standardized Voting Compartment to ensure Secrecy of Voting:

In order to maintain the secrecy of vote at the time of poll and to achieve uniformity in use of voting compartments, Commission revised its instructions on 15<sup>th</sup> November, 2016 and increase the height of the Voting Compartments to 30 inches and also directed that the Voting Compartment should be placed on a table whose height shall be 30 inches. Only corrugated plastic sheet (flex board) of steel-grey colour, which is completely opaque and reusable, shall be used for making the voting compartments. The Commission hopes that the use of these standardized and uniform Voting Compartments in all the polling booths will translate into greater voter facilitation, ensure absolute secrecy of vote and eliminate aberrations and non-uniformity in the preparation of Voting Compartment inside the polling booths.

#### 12. Distribution and Collection of Election Material-

- 1) Large halls/spaces should be identified for distribution/collection of election material.
- 2) As far as practicable, it should be organized in a decentralized manner.
- 3) Prior and staggered time slots should be allocated to the polling teams for distribution/collection of election material to avoid crowding.

# 13. Counting of votes- Counting of votes

1) At entry of Counting Hall there must be facility of Thermal Scanning and Sanitizer.

- 2) Counting Centres shall be disinfected before and after the counting.
- www.ro 3) Counting Hall be sufficiently big to maintain social distancing, proper ventilation, windows, exhaust fan etc.
  - 4) Anyone, even after double vaccinated, having any symptom of COVID like fever, Cold etc. will not be allowed in Counting hall.
  - 5) Every Counting Official and Security personnel be provided with Mask, Sanitizer, Face-Shield and Hand Gloves.
  - 6) Not more than 7 counting tables should be allowed in a counting hall. Hence, counting of votes of a constituency may be considered at 3-4 halls by appointing additional Assistant Returning Officers. (In supersession of instructions dated 30th April, 2014)
  - 7) The counting centres shall be disinfected before, during and after the counting.
  - 8) For counting of Postal Ballots, additional number of AROs may be required. If required, Postal Ballots may also be counted in a separate

hall under the supervision of the Returning Officer/Assistant Returning officer.

- a. DEO shall appoint a Nodal Officer at each Counting Centre to ensure compliance of COVID guidelines with assistance of Nodal Health Officer and Compliance Certificate in r/o Counting Centre arrangement as per COVID guidelines from Health Authorities be taken.
- b. List of counting agents be made available by candidates to RO by 1700 hours on day three days prior to counting.

public gathering outside the counting venue during process of counting.

d. Candidate may appoint/replace counting agents in case report is positive.

#### Campaign by the political party's/contesting candidates-

www.roya Commission has issued detailed guidelines to conduct elections during the period of pandemic, which are annexed (Annexure 6) with this Press Note.

> 15. Non-compliance of Instructions – Anybody violating instructions on COVID measures will be liable to proceeded against as per the provisions of Section 51 to 60 of the Disaster Management Act, 2005, besides legal action under Section 188 of the IPC, and other legal provisions as applicable, as specified in Order No. 40-3/2020-DM-I(A) dated 25th November, 2020 of Ministry of Home Affairs.

District Election Officer should bring this to the notice of all concerned.

16. Initiatives for PwD Voters, Senior Citizens above 80 years, Electors employed in essential services and COVID suspect/affected voters:

1) Option of Postal Ballot facility has been extended to the electors of following categories:

a) Electors, who are flagged as Persons with Disabilities (PwD) in electoral roll.

b) Electors above the age of 80 years

c) Electors employed in notified Essential services

d) Electors who are COVID positive/suspect as certified by competent authority and are in quarantine (home/institutional)

**2)** By notification dated 22.10.2019 of the Ministry of Law & Justice, the Conduct of Election Rules have been amended on the recommendation of the Commission to enable "absentee voters" to vote by postal ballot. Electors employed in essential services as may be notified by the Commission under section 60 (C) of the R.P. Act, 1951, electors who are above 80 years of age and the electors marked as Persons with Disabilities in the Electoral Roll will have the option to seek postal ballot paper for casting their vote.

www.ro 3) All such voters in the above categories will have to apply for the Postal Ballot within 5 days of notification for election in their Assembly Constituencies, if they wish to use the option of Postal Ballot for voting. 4) All eligible electors will be given an application form by the BLOs who will then collect the filled in form with elector's choice - whether the elector wants Postal Ballot or wants to go to the Polling Station to vote A polling team comprised of 2 polling officials along with a videographer and security will then go to the elector's house along with a Voting Compartment and get the elector to vote on the Postal Ballot maintaining complete secrecy of vote. Candidates will be provided a list of these electors in advance and will also be provided the schedule of voting and the route chart of the polling parties so that they can send their representatives to witness the polling procedure. Postal ballots will then be stored securely by the Returning Officer.

5)This is an optional facility and does not involve any Postal Department mailing kind of arrangement.

6) Commission has directed the Chief Electoral Officers of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh to take necessary steps for the dissemination of information and extending facilitation to the above categories of Voters.

7) This facility of Absentee Voters was provided for the first time in the country to PwD and 80+ voters to 7 Assembly Constituencies in Jharkhand and Delhi and the facility was later extended in Bihar, Assam, Kerala, Tamil Nata, West Bengal and Puducherry.

8) The Chief Electoral Officers of the Election going States have been directed to make a comprehensive Plan in respect of the Accessibility initiatives and measures required to be taken for Persons with Disability and Senior Citizens.

#### 17. Polling stations managed by women officials-

www.rc

As part of its firm commitment towards gender equality and greater constructive participation of women in the electoral process, the Commission has also directed that, to the extent possible, at least one polling station managed exclusively by women shall be set up in every Assembly Constituency in 5 poll going States i.e. Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh. In such Polling Stations , all election staff, including police and security personnel, will be women.

#### 18. Electronic Voting Machines (EVMs) and Voter Verifiable Paper Audit Trail (VVPATs):

#### (1) <u>Electronic Voting Machines (EVMs) and Voter Verifiable Paper</u> <u>Audit Trail</u> (VVPATs)

The Commission shall deploy Voter Verifiable Paper Audit Trail (VVPAT) along with Electronic Voting Machine (EVM) at every polling station in the Page **16** of **47**  General Election to Legislative Assemblies of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh to enhance the transparency and credibility of the election process as VVPAT allows the voter to verify her/his vote. Arrangements have already been made to ensure availability of adequate number of EVMs and VVPATs for the smooth conduct of elections.

#### (2) Awareness on EVMs and VVPATs

EVM Demonstration centres are set up at District Election Officer Office and Returning Officer Headquarters/Revenue Sub Division Offices for physical demonstration-cum-awareness. Mobile Demonstration Vans are deployed to create awareness on use of EVMs and VVPATs to cover all polling locations. The same is operational till announcement of elections, whereas digital outreach will be intensified after announcement.

#### (3) Randomization of EVMs and VVPATs

NNNN. EVMs/VVPATs are randomized twice using "EVM Management System (EMS)" while being allocated to an Assembly and then to a polling booth ruling out any fixed allocation. Lists of randomized EVMs/VVPATs are also shared with political parties/candidates.

#### (4) Commissioning of EVMs and VVPATs

After finalization of list of the contesting candidates, commissioning (candidate setting) of EVMs and VVPATs is done in the presence of the contesting candidates/their representatives. After commissioning (candidate setting) of EVMs and VVPATs, in every EVM and VVPAT, mock poll with one vote to each candidate including NOTA is done. Additionally, mock poll of 1000 votes is conducted in 5% randomly selected EVMs, as well as VVPATs. The electronic result is tallied with paper count.

#### (5) Mock Poll on Poll Day

- (i) On poll day, 90 minutes before start of actual poll, mock poll is conducted by casting at least 50 votes at every polling station, in the presence of polling agents of the candidates and the electronic result of the Control Unit and the VVPAT slips count are tallied and shown to them. A certificate of successful conduct of mock poll shall be made by the Presiding Officers in Presiding Officer's Report.
- (ii) Immediately after mock poll, the CLEAR button on Control Unit (CU) is pressed to clear the data of the mock poll and the fact that no votes are recorder in the CU is displayed to the Polling Agents present. The Presiding Officer also ensures that all mock poll slips shall be taken out NNNN. FOY Grow the VVPAT and kept in separate marked envelope before the start of Poll.
  - (iii) After mock poll, EVMs and VVPATs are sealed in the presence of polling agents and signature of polling agents are obtained on seals, before starting actual poll.

#### (6) Poll Day and Storage of polled EVMs and VVPATs at Strong Rooms

- (i) On poll day, after completion of poll, a copy of Form-17C having details of total polled votes, seals (unique number), serial numbers of EVMs and VVPATs used in polling stations is provided to polling agents of candidates.
- After completion of poll, EVMs and VVPATs are sealed in the (ii) respective carrying cases in the presence of polling agents and signature of polling agents are obtained on seals.
- (iii) Polled EVMs and VVPATs are escorted back to the strong room for storing in double lock system in the presence of candidates/their representatives under videography.

(iv) Candidates or their representatives can also camp in front of the strong room. These strong rooms are guarded 24x7 in multilayers, with CCTV facilities.

#### **Counting of Votes at Counting Centres** (7)

- On the day of counting, strong room is opened in the presence of (i) Candidates, RO and Observer under videography.
- The polled EVMs are brought to the Counting Centres under security (ii) under CCTV coverage and in presence of candidates/their agents.
- (iii) Round-wise CUs are brought to the counting tables from Strong Rooms under continuous CCTV Coverage.
- (iv) (iv) the counting day, before retrieving the result from the Control www.coyali Units, the seals are verified, and unique serial numbers of CU is tallied before counting agents deputed by the candidates.
  - (v) On counting day, counting agents can verify the polled votes displayed on CU with that of Form-17C. Candidate-wise polled votes are recorded in part-II of Form-17 C and signature of counting agents are obtained thereof.
  - (vi) EVMs & VVPATs are stored back in Strong Room in the presence of candidates/their representatives till the completion of the Election Petition period.

#### (8) Mandatory Verification of VVPAT Paper Slip-

In pursuance of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India's order dated 8th April, 2019, the Commission has also mandated VVPAT slips count of Five (5) randomly selected Polling Stations in each Assembly Constituency of the Legislative Assemblies of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh, by the Returning Officer, by Draw of Lot in presence of all candidates, shall be done for verification of the result obtained from the Control Unit after completion of counting of all rounds of EVM. This

mandatory verification of VVPAT slip count of five (5) polling stations in each Assembly Constituency shall be in addition to the provisions of Rule 56(D) of the Conduct of Elections Rules, 1961.

#### (9) None of the Above (NOTA) in EVMs, VVPATs and Postal Ballot:

As usual, there will be 'None of the Above' option for the elections. On the BUs, below the name of the last candidate, there will be a button for NOTA option so that electors who do not want to vote for any of the candidates can exercise their option by pressing the button against NOTA. Similarly, on Postal Ballot Papers also there will be a NOTA Panel after the name of the last candidate. The symbol for NOTA as given below will be printed against the NOTA Panel. www.royali



As part of the SVEEP, there are awareness programmes to bring this option to the knowledge of voters and all other stakeholders.

#### (10) Photographs of Candidates on EVM Ballot Paper

In order to facilitate the electors in identifying the candidates, ECI has prescribed an additional measure by way of adding provision for printing the photograph of candidate also on the ballot paper to be displayed on the EVM (Ballot Unit) and on Postal Ballot Papers. This will help avoid any confusion, which may arise when candidates with same or similar names contest from the same constituency. For this purpose, the candidates are required to submit to the Returning Officer, their recent Stamp Size photograph as per the specifications laid down by the Commission.

#### 19. Deployment of Polling Personnel and Randomization-

- a) Polling parties shall be formed randomly, through the special randomization IT application.
- b) There shall be such randomization for Police personnel and Home Guards also, who are deployed at the polling stations on the poll day.
- c) In view of situation of COVID, Timing for 3rd randomization of polling staff be increased from 24 hrs to 72 hrs in order to avoid large gathering of polling staff at dispatch centres. As far as practicable, despatch and receipt of polling teams shall be organised in decentralised and staggered manner.

## 20. Affidavits of Candidates-

When the pursuance of the judgment dated 13<sup>th</sup>September, 2013 passed by the Supreme Court in Writ Petition (C) No. 121 of 2008 (Resurgence India Vs Election Commission of India and Another), which among other things makes it obligatory for the Returning Officer "to check whether the information required is fully furnished (by the candidate) at the time of filing of affidavit with the nomination paper", the Commission has issued instructions that in the affidavit to be filed along with the nomination paper, candidates **are required to fill up all the columns**. If any column in the affidavit is left blank, the Returning Officer will issue a notice to the candidate to file a revised affidavit with all columns duly filled in. After such notice, if a candidate still fails to file affidavit complete in all respects, the nomination paper will be liable to be rejected by the Returning Officer at the time of scrutiny.

#### 21. Candidates with Criminal Cases-

Candidates with criminal antecedents are required to publish information in this regard in newspapers and through Television channels on three occasions during the campaign period. A political party that sets up

candidates with criminal antecedents is also required to publish information about criminal background of its candidates, both on its website and also in newspapers and Television channels **on three occasions**.

Commission vide its letter No. 3/4/2019/SDR/Vol.IV dated 16th September, 2020 has directed that the period specified will be decided with three blocks in the following manner, so that electors have sufficient time to know about the background of such candidates:

- a. Within first 4 days of withdrawal.
- between next 5<sup>th</sup>- 8<sup>th</sup>days. b.

From 9<sup>th</sup> day till the last day of campaign (the second day prior to date of poll)

www.royalpat (Illustration: If the last date for withdrawal is 10<sup>th</sup> of the month and poll is on 24<sup>th</sup> of the Month, the first block for publishing of declaration shall be done between 11<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> of the Month, second and third blocks shall be between 15<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> and 22<sup>nd</sup> of that Month, respectively.)

This requirement is in pursuance of the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Writ Petition(C) No. 784 of 2015 (Lok Prahari Vs. Union of India & Others) and Writ Petition(Civil) No. 536 of 2011 (Public Interest Foundation & Ors. Vs. Union of India & Anr.).

This information will also be available on an App titled, 'know your candidates'.

#### 22. Political Parties setting up candidates with Criminal Cases-

In pursuance of The Hon'ble Supreme Court Order dated 13.02.2020 in Contempt Petition (C)No. 2192 of 2018 in WP(C) No. 536 of 2011, it is mandatory for political parties (at the Central and State election level) to upload on their website detailed information regarding individuals with pending criminal cases (including the nature of the offences, and relevant particulars such as whether charges have been framed, the concerned Court,

the case number etc.) who have been selected as candidates, along with the reasons for such selection, as also as to why other individuals without criminal antecedents could not be selected as candidates. The reasons as to selection shall be with reference to the qualifications, achievements and merit of the candidate concerned, and not mere "winnability" at the polls. This information shall also be published in:

(a) One local vernacular newspaper and one national newspaper;

(b) On the official social media platforms of the political party, including Facebook & Twitter.

These details shall be published within **48 hours of the selection of the candidate and not prior to two weeks before the first date of filing of notalitations**. The political party concerned shall then submit a report of rompliance with these directions with the Election Commission within 72 hours of the selection of the said candidate. If a political party fails to submit such compliance report with the Election Commission, the Election Commission shall bring such non-compliance by the political party concerned to the notice of the Supreme Court as being in contempt of this Court's orders/directions. The Commission's instructions issued vide letter no. 3/4/2020/SDR/Vol.III dated 6<sup>th</sup> March, 2020 available on the Commission's website may be seen.

NNN !!

Further, the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Brajesh Singh v. Sunil Arora & Ors. [Contempt Petition (C) No. 656/2020 in Contempt Petition (C) No. 2192/2018 in WP(C) No. 536/2011)] issued some additional directions vide judgment dated 10.08.2021, which has been circulated to all the parties vide Commission's letter No. 3/4/SDR/VOL.I dated 26.08.2021, is available on the Commission's website. Following are the directions which are concerned with the political parties: -

(a) Political parties are to publish information regarding criminal

antecedents of candidates on the homepage of their websites, thus making it easier for the voter to get to the information that has to be supplied. It will also become necessary now to have on the homepage a caption which "candidates with criminal antecedents";

(b) We clarify that the direction in paragraph 4.4 of our Order dated 13.02.2020 be modified and it is clarified that the details which are required to be published, shall be published within 48 hours of the selection of the candidate and not prior to two weeks before the first date of fing of nominations; and

(c) We reiterate that if such a political party fails to submit such compliance report with the ECI, the ECI shall bring such noncompliance by the political party to the notice of this Court as being in contempt of this Court's Orders/directions, which shall in future be viewed very seriously."

une notice.... future be viewed very seriously." 23. <u>Advisory to Political Parties regarding silence period</u>-

For reviewing the working of Section 126 in the context of advancement in communication technology and rise of social media, a Committee was constituted by the Commission with the mandate of studying the provisions of Section 126 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 and other related provisions and to make suitable recommendation in this regard. The Committee submitted its report to the Commission on 10<sup>th</sup> January, 2019. Among other proposals, the Committee has proposed for an advisory to political parties for compliance with the letter and spirit of the provisions of Section 126. Commission called upon all political parties to instruct and brief their leaders and campaigners to ensure that they observe the silence period on all forms of media as envisaged under Section 126 of the RP Act, 1951, and their leaders and cadres do not commit any act that may violate the spirit of Section 126.

In a multi-phased election, the silence period of last 48 hours may be on in certain constituencies while campaign is ongoing in other constituencies. In such event, there should not be any direct or indirect reference amounting to soliciting support for parties or candidates in the constituencies observing the silence period.

During the silence period, star campaigners and other Political Leaders should refrain from addressing the media by way of press conferences and giving interviews on election matters.

# 24. District, ACX evel and Booth Level Election Management Plan-

The District Election Officers have been asked to prepare a comprehensive District Election Management Plan in consultation with SSF6/SPs and Sector Officers, including the route plan and the communication plan for conduct of elections. These will be vetted by the Observer, taking into account vulnerability mapping exercise and mapping of critical polling stations, in accordance with Election Commission of India's extant instructions.

#### 25. Communication Plan-

www

Commission attaches great importance to preparation and implementation of a perfect communication plan at the district/constituency level for the smooth conduct of elections and to enable concurrent intervention and mid-course correction on the poll day. For the said purpose, the Commission has directed the Chief Electoral Officers of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh to coordinate with the officers of Telecommunication Department in the State headquarters, BSNL/MTNL authorities, the representatives of other leading service providers in the State so that network status in the State is assessed and communication shadow areas be identified. The CEOs has also been instructed to prepare the effective communication plan in their States and make suitable alternate arrangements in the communication shadow areas by providing Satellite Phones, Wireless sets, Special Runners etc.

#### 26. Model Code of Conduct-

Model Code of Conduct comes into effect immediately from the announcement of schedule. All the provisions of the Model Code will apply to the whole of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh with regard to all candidates, political parties and the governments of the said States. The Model Code of Conduct shall also be applicable to the Union Government of so far as announcements/policy decisions pertaining to/for Goa, Maripur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh are concerned.

The Commission has made elaborate arrangements for ensuring the effective implementation of MCC Guidelines. Any violation of these Guidelines would be strictly dealt with and the Commission re-emphasizes that the instructions issued in this regard from time to time should be read and understood by all Political Parties, contesting candidates and their agents/representatives, to avoid any misgivings or lack of information or inadequate understanding/interpretation. The Governments of the pollbound States have also been directed to ensure that no misuse of official machinery/position is done during the MCC period.

> The Commission has also issued instructions for swift, effective and stringent action for enforcement of Model Code of Conduct during the first 72 hours of announcement of the election schedule and also for maintaining extra vigilance and strict enforcement action in the last 72 hours prior to the close of polls. These instructions have been issued in the form of Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for compliance by the field election machinery.

#### 27. Videography/Webcasting/CCTV Coverage-

All critical events will be video-graphed. District Election Officers will arrange sufficient number of video and digital cameras and camera teams for the purpose. The events for videography will include filing of nomination papers and scrutiny thereof, allotment of symbols, First Level Checking, preparations and storage of Electronic Voting Machines, important public meetings, processions etc. during election campaign, process of dispatching of postal ballot papers, polling process in identified vulnerable polling stations, storage of polled EVMs and VVPATs, counting of votes etc. Additional CCTVs will be installed at important Border Check Posts and Static Cock Points for effective monitoring and surveillance. Further, the Coromission has directed that Webcasting, CCTV coverage, Videography and Digital cameras will also be deployed inside critical polling booths and polling booths in vulnerable areas to closely monitor the proceedings on the poll day without violating secrecy of voting process. On 25th Feb, 2021, Commission has directed that arrangements for web casting shall be done in critical polling stations and all polling stations in vulnerable areas or at least in 50% of total polling stations including auxiliary polling stations, whichever is higher.

#### 28. Measures to Prevent Public Nuisance-

www.

The Commission has directed that the use of public address system or loudspeakers or any sound amplifier, whether fitted on vehicles of any kind whatsoever, or in static position used for public meetings for electioneering purposes, during the entire election period starting from the date of announcement of election and ending with the date of declaration of results, shall not be permitted at night between **08:00 p.m. and 08.00 a.m**. Further, no loudspeakers fitted on vehicles of any kind or in any other manner whatsoever shall be permitted to be used during the period of 48 hours ending with the hour fixed for the conclusion of the poll in any polling area.

#### 29. Law and Order, Security Arrangements and Deployment of Forces-

Conduct of elections involves elaborate security management, which includes not just the security of polling personnel, polling stations and polling materials, but also the overall security of the election process. Central Armed Police Forces (CAPFs) are deployed to supplement the local police force in ensuring a peaceful and conducive atmosphere for the smooth conduct of election in a free, fair and credible manner.

Based on the assessment of the ground situation, Central Armed NNNY Police Forces (CAPFs) and State Armed Police (SAP) drawn from other States will be deployed during the election. The CAPFs shall be deployed well in advance for area domination, route marches in vulnerable pockets, point patrolling and other confidence building measures to re-assure and build faith in the minds of the voters, especially those belonging to the weaker sections, minorities etc. CAPFs shall be inducted well in time for undertaking area familiarization and hand-holding with local forces and all other standard security protocols for movement, enforcement activities etc in these areas will be strictly adhered to. The CAPFs/SAP shall also be deployed in Expenditure Sensitive Constituencies and other vulnerable areas and critical polling stations as per the assessment of ground realities by the CEOs of Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh, in consultation with various stakeholders. On the eve of Poll, the CAPFs/SAP shall take position and control of the respective polling stations and will be responsible for safeguarding the polling stations and for providing security to the electors

and polling personnel on the poll day. Besides, these forces will secure the strong rooms where EVMs and VVPATs are stored and for securing the counting centres and for other purposes, as required. The entire force deployment in the assembly segments shall be under the oversight of the Central Observers deputed by the Commission.

To ensure optimum and effective utilization of State Police official and CAPF, Commission has directed that a committee of CEO, State Police Nodal Officer and State CAPF Coordinate to jointly decide the Election Security Plan and ensure randomization of State Police and CAPF personnel.

#### 30. Protection to Electors of SC/ST and Other Weaker Sections-

Xs per Section 3 (1) of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Revention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 (as amended in 2015), whoever, not being NNNY a member of a Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe, forces or intimidates a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe not to vote or to vote for a particular candidate or to vote in a manner other than that provided by law, or not to stand as a candidate etc., shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to five years and with fine. The Commission has asked Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh to bring these provisions to the notice of all concerned for prompt action. In order to bolster the confidence of the voters hailing from vulnerable sections especially SCs, STs etc. and enhance their conviction and faith in the purity and credibility of the poll process, CAPFs/SAP shall be extensively and vigorously utilized in patrolling conducting route marches and undertaking other necessary confidence building measures under the supervision of the Central Observers.

#### 31. Election Expenditure Monitoring-

NNN

- Enhancement in candidate's limit on expenses- On the recommendation of ECI, vide Notification dated Jan 6, 2022, Ministry of Law and Justice has increased the limits on candidate expenses
- As per revised limits, pertinent to these 5 elections, the limit on candidate expenditure for the states of Punjab, Uttarakhand and UP will now be Rs 40 lakhs and for Goa and Manipur it shall be Rs 28 lakhs.

Comprehensive instructions for the purpose of effective monitoring of the election expenditure of the candidates have been issued, which include formation of Flying Squads (FS), Static Surveillance Teams (SST), Video Surveillance Teams (VST), involvement of State Police, Investigation Directorate of Income Tax Deptt., Enforcement Directorate, Financial Intelligence Unit (FIU-IND), DRI, RPF, CBIC, SSB, ICG, Commercial Tax Department and Narcotics Control Bureau. State Excise Department has been asked to monitor production, distribution, sale and storage of liquor and inducements in the form of free goods during the election process. The functioning and operations of the Flying Squads/Mobile Teams shall be closely monitored using GPS Tracking/and the use of c-VIGIL App. For greater transparency and for ease of monitoring of Election Expenses, candidates would be required to open a separate bank account and incur their election expenses from only that account. The Investigation Directorate of Income Tax Dept. has been asked to activate Air Intelligence Units in the airports of the State and also to gather intelligence and take necessary action to check movement of large sums of money in Goa, Manipur, Punjab Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh.

Some new initiatives taken by the Commission to strengthen the Expenditure Monitoring mechanism are:

- (1) Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for seizure and release of cash: For the purpose of maintaining purity of elections, the Election Commission of India has issued a Standard Operating Procedure for Flying Squads and Static Surveillance Teams, constituted for keeping vigil over excessive campaign expenses, distribution of items of bribe in cash or in kind, movement of illegal arms, ammunition, liquor, or antisocial elements etc. in the constituencies during election process. Furthermore, in order to avoid inconvenience to the public and also for redressal of their grievances, if any, the Commission has issued instruction no. 76/Instructions/EEPS/2015/ Vol-II dated 29.05.2015 stating that a committee shall be formed comprising three officers of the www.roy District, namely, (i) CEO, Zila Parishad/CDO/P.D, DRDA (ii) Nodal Officer of Expenditure Monitoring in the District Election Office (Convener) and (iii) District Treasury Officer. The Committee shall suomoto examine each case of seizure made by the Police or SST or FS and where the Committee finds that no FIR/Complaint has been filed against the seizure or where the seizure is not linked with any candidate or political party or any election campaign etc., as per SOP, it shall take immediate steps to order release of such cash etc. to such persons from whom the cash was seized after passing a speaking order to that effect. In no case, shall any matter relating to seized cash/seized valuables shall be kept pending in Malkhana or treasury for more that 7(seven) days after the date of poll, unless any FIR/Complaint is filed.
  - (2) <u>Accounting of the expenditure incurred for campaign vehicles</u> –It has come to the notice of the Commission that the candidates take permission from the Returning Officer for use of vehicles for campaign purpose, but some candidates do not show the vehicle hiring charges

or fuel expenses in their election expenditure account. Therefore, it has been decided that unless the candidate intimates the R.O. regarding withdrawing vehicles from campaigning, the notional expenditure on account of campaign vehicles will be calculated based on the number of vehicles for which permission has been granted by the Returning Officer.

(3) <u>Account Reconciliation Meeting</u>: In order to reduce litigation relating to expenditure accounts of contesting candidates, a reconciliation meeting will be convened by the DEOs before final submission of the accounts, on the 26th day after the declaration of the results.

www.rox

(4) Accounting of Expenditure on publicity of criminal antecedents: In Pursuance of Hon'ble Supreme Court Judgement dated 25.09.2018 in WP(C) No. 536 of 2011, the candidates as well as the concerned political parties shall issue a declaration, in the format prescribed, in widely circulated newspapers and on electronic media in the state regarding the criminal antecedents of the candidates at least thrice after filing of the nomination papers. Candidates are required to maintain expenditure incurred by them in this regard in their accounts and the same shall be reflected in their Abstract Statement of election expenses to be submitted by them to the concerned DEOs along with their accounts of election expenses within 30 days of declaration of results. Political parties are also required to show the amount incurred by them in this regard in their Statement of Election Expenses to be submitted by them to ECI (recognized political party)/ CEO (unrecognized political party) within 75 days of completion of Assembly Election.

# (5) Expenditure incurred on candidates' Booth/(Kiosk) and on TV/Cable Channel / Newspaper owned by party for promoting the electoral prospects of the candidate in the account of the candidate:

The Commission, on further examination of the relevant provisions of section 77(1) of the R. P. Act, 1951, had decided that the candidates' booths set up outside the polling stations should hereinafter be deemed to have been set up by the candidates as part of their individual campaign and not by way of general party propaganda and as such all expenditure incurred on such candidates' booths shall be deemed to have been incurred/authorized by the candidate/his election agent so as to be included in his account of election expenses.

WWN Further, the Commission, after taking into consideration various references/complaints from various sources in the above matter, has directed that if the candidate(s) or their sponsoring parties utilize TV/Cable Channels/Newspapers owned by them for promoting the electoral prospects of the candidate, the expenses for the same, as per standard rate cards of the channel/newspaper, have to be included by the candidate concerned in his Election Expenditure Statement, even if they actually do not pay any amount to the channel/newspaper. In pursuance of the Commission's aforesaid decisions, Schedule 6 and Schedule 4 in Abstract Statement of Election Expenses have been amended and incorporated accordingly in the Compendium of Instructions on Election Expenditure Monitoring.

#### (6) Final Accounts by Political Parties:

All Political Parties sponsoring candidates for the Legislative Assembly elections are required to maintain day-to-day accounts of all election campaign expenses and submit the final accounts to the Commission/CEO within 75 days of the completion of such election. Page **33** of **47**  Such accounts will be uploaded on the website of the Commission for public viewing. For the sake of transparency and reconciliation of accounts of political parties and candidates, the political parties have to file a part Election Expenditure statement in addition to the final statement of election expenditure in respect of lump-sum payments made by the party to the candidate within 30 days after declaration of results of election to Legislative Assemblies in prescribed format.

# 32. Effective use of Media-(1) Media Engagement:

Commission has always considered Media as an important ally and a potent force multiplier in ensuring an effective and efficient election
Management. Hence, the Commission has directed the CEOs of poll going
States i.e. Goa, Manipur, Punjab, Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh to take the following measures for positive and progressive engagement and interaction with the media:

- Regular interaction with the media during elections and maintaining an effective and positive line of communication with media at all times.
- ii) Effective steps to sensitize the media about the Election Code.
- iii) Authority letters will be issued to all accredited media for the polling day and day of counting.

Media is also expected to follow all the extant guidelines issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs and Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoH&FW) regarding COVID containment measures during all their election related coverage. Besides, the guidelines issued by the Election Commission of India today with regard to conduct of elections during COVID shall also be applied while giving access to the media persons for the coverage of election process during polling and counting of votes etc.

# (2) <u>Pre-Certification of Political Advertisements and monitoring of</u> <u>suspected cases of paid news:</u>

Media Certification and Monitoring Committees (MCMC) are in place at all the Districts and State level. All political advertisements proposed to be issued on electronic media shall require pre-certification from the concerned MCMC.

Political advertisements in all electronic media/TV Channels/Cable Network/ Radio including private FM channels/Cinema halls/audio-visual dioplays in public places/voice messages & bulk SMS over phone and social media & internet websites shall come within the purview of precertification.

MCMCs will also keep a strict vigil on suspected cases of paid news in media and suitable action will be taken in confirmed cases after following all due procedure.

Commission has doubled the allocated time to all recognised parties for publicity of election matters.

#### (3) Use of Social Media in election:

www.rc

Keeping in view increasing incidents of misuse of Social Media & menace of Paid News and as a result of ECI's vigorous persuasion, major Social Media Platforms agreed to observe **Voluntary Code of Ethics** formulated by them in March 2019. These will be applicable in these elections as well as in other elections.

Commission requests all Political Parties and candidates to ensure that their supporters do not indulge in hate speeches and fake news. Strict watch on social media posts is being kept to ensure that election atmosphere is not vitiated.

#### (4) Monitoring of Electronic and Social Media:

All the election management related news on all the major national and regional news channels during elections would be monitored vigorously. If any untoward incident or violation of any law/rule is noticed, action would be taken immediately. Reports of monitoring would also be forwarded to the CECs concerned. Office of CEO will ascertain status on each and every item and file ATR/Status Report.

#### Training of Election Officials-

NNNY

India International Institute of Democracy and Election management (IIIDEM) has organized the following training programme for various Election functionaries connected with upcoming General Election to the Legislative assemblies of Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Punjab, Manipur and Goa.

1)The themes of the training were as under:

- a) Nomination Process, Qualification and Disqualification, Nomination, Scrutiny, Withdrawal of Candidature and Allotment of Symbols
- b) EVM-VVPAT, Counting and Declaration of Result
- c) Vulnerability Mapping, DEMP, Polling Party & Poll Day Arrangement
- d) Postal Ballot, ETPBS and various IT applications
- e) Model Code of Conduct, Expenditure Monitoring and SVEEP

#### 2)Online orientation programme on COVID Guidelines.

An online orientation programme on COVID Guidelines was conducted for the Health Secretaries, COVID Nodal Officers, Officers from CEOs Office and DEOs of Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Manipur, Goa and Punjab on 21st September, 2021. Total 386 participants had joined the programme. Shri Aariz Aftab, CEO, West Bengal along with Shri Pratyaya Amrit, Additional Chief Secretary, Bihar had shared their experience regarding the conduct of elections in their States during COVID

# 3) For and AROs www.royd

a) Evaluation programme for ROs of Uttar Pradesh and ROs and AROs of Uttarakhand was organized on 18th November, 2021 at Lucknow, Agra & Gorakhpur in Uttar Pradesh and at Dehradun and Udham Singh Nagar in Uttarakhand respectively. The evaluation was organized for only those ROs and AROs who attended the Certification programme organized in the concerned States.

b) Evaluation programme for ROs and AROs of Goa, Manipur and Punjab was organized on 10<sup>th</sup> December, 2021atfor those ROs and AROs who attended the Certification programme organized at North Goa in Goa, Imphal in Manipur and at Jalandhar, Patiala & Bhatinda in Punjab for those ROs & AROs who attended the Certification programme organized at their respective States.

#### 34. Systematic Voters' Education and Electoral Participation (SVEEP)-

a) Free, fair, accessible, inclusive, transparent and ethical elections build a truly participative democracy by encouraging all eligible citizens to vote and make an informed decision during elections. Working on the premise of 'No

Voter to be Left Behind', Election Commission of India strives relentlessly to ensure participative, inclusive, inducement free and accessible elections in the world's largest democracy through the Systematic Voters' Education and Electoral Participation (SVEEP) programme.

b) SVEEP places its focus on the voters- the central actors of democracy. Reaching out throughout novel initiatives like Electoral Literacy Clubs, Web Radio Hello Voters, Nationwide celebrations of National Voters' Day, and mass mobilization of voters through 360-degree communication and door to door interventions have been the foundation of ECI's voter outreach efforts. c) In view of current situation of the pandemic, special outreach activities are being amplemented to enhance voter awareness and publicize the mandatory safety protocols during elections. Contactless and digital mediums for all outreach activities i.e Television, Print, Digital Media and other media vehicles are being utilized as a part of overall 360-degree communication towards voter education, motivation and facilitation.

d) In order to educate & facilitate voters, ECI has brought in some new initiatives for the upcoming assembly elections. These initiatives include an EPIC kit to the newly registered voters, a pocket size Voters' guide to every household, polling booth being the focal point of communication and Minimum level of SVEEP activities at every booth.

NNN Y

e) As voter registration and reception of EPIC card is the point of first formal interaction of newly registered voters, a need was felt to standardize the experience and give a personalized touch to the EPIC delivery. All CEOs/DEOs therefore have been directed to hand over/deliver/courier this EPIC SVEEP kit to newly registered electors, which contains a personalized letter to the elector along with a voter guide and voters' pledge.

f) Commission has also developed a pocket size version of the voter guide, for ease of information access to electors. This pocket size booklet provides

important information for voters' regarding location of polling stations, election related queries, searching of name in the voter list and COVID safety measures. The voters' guide would be provided to every household.

g) Revitalizing Electoral Literacy Clubs during Covid period through use of online mode of communication, is also a major focus of the Commission. With regards to the same, Guidelines for Online Activities at ELCs have been shared with Chief Electoral Offices recently.

h) Furthermore, with Booth being the focal point for SVEEP strategy, the Commission has directed the states to strengthen Booth Level Action Plans and to concurct Minimum level of SVEEP activities to inform and educate all voters. This includes explanatory information displays regarding EVM-VVPAT, Voter Registration, Ethical Voting & IT Apps at all polling stations and crowded locations in the assembly constituency. Polling stations would be given a festive look through minimum level of décor. Low voter turnout Polling Stations have been identified with reasons for low turnout analysed and targeted interventions planned in accordance to meet the objective of 'No Voter to be Left Behind'.

www.r

i) With the objective to reaching out to Women Voters, 'All-Women Managed Polling Stations' is an initiative committed towards gender equality and greater participation of women in the electoral process. These booths which are set up in each constituency comprise of all woman staff including security. Similarly, PwD managed polling stations are to be developed in each assembly constituency to give further fillip to accessible and participative elections.

j) Voter Facilitation Centers will be active in the States to facilitate voters. Besides this, Voter Helpline Number 1950 and Voter Helpline App would also cater to voter's queries. An SMS facility is available on 1950 to enable electors to verify their names on the Electoral Roll. k) Subsequent to Hon'ble Supreme Court's order, criminal antecedents of the contesting candidates are to be made available to the voters. In this regard, a dedicated multimedia campaign is proposed to generate awareness amongst the voters to encourage informed and ethical voting.

Further, keeping in view the possibility of advent of Covid wave, SVEEP activities are planned to inform and educate voters towards Covid Safe elections and covid appropriate behaviour during elections.

## 35. Deployment of Central Observers-

## (1) General Observers

The Commission will deploy IAS officers as General Observers in adequate number to ensure smooth conduct of election. The Observers will be asked to keep a close watch on every stage of the electoral process to ensure free and fair election.

#### (2) <u>Police Observers</u>

www

The Commission would deploy IPS officers as Police Observers at District/AC level, depending upon the need, sensitivity and assessment of ground situation of the District/AC, wherever required. They will monitor all activities relating to force deployment, law and order and co-ordinate with Civil and Police administration to ensure peaceful, free and fair election.

#### (3) <u>Special Observers</u>

In exercise of the plenary powers conferred on it by Article 324 of the Constitution of India, the Commission deploys Special Observers who belong to All India Services and various Central Services.

#### (4) <u>Expenditure Observers</u>

The Commission has also decided to appoint adequate number of Expenditure Observers who will exclusively monitor the election expenditure of the contesting candidates. Control room and Complaint Monitoring Centre with 24 hours toll free numbers shall be operative during the entire election process. Banks and Financial Intelligence Units of Government of India have been asked to forward Suspicious Transaction Reports (STRs) to the election officials. Comprehensive instructions for the purpose of effective monitoring of the election expenditure of the candidates have been separately issued by the Commission and are available on the ECI website (<u>https://eci.gov.in/</u>).

## (5) Micro Observers

NNN

As per the extant instructions, General Observers will also deploy Micro Observers, from amongst Central Government/PSUs Officials, to Observe the poll proceedings on the poll day in critical/vulnerable polling stations. Micro Observers will observe the proceedings at the polling stations on the poll day, right from the conduct of mock poll, to the completion of poll and the process of sealing of EVMs and VVPATs and other documents so as to ensure that all instructions of the Commission are complied with by the Polling Parties and the Polling Agents. They will report to the General Observers directly regarding any vitiation of the poll proceedings in their allotted polling stations.

#### 36. Use of IT in election management -

The Commission has enhanced usage of IT Application, to usher in greater citizen participation and transparency.

Following is a brief outline of the IT applications to be used:

 cVIGIL Application for filing Model Code of Conduct Violation cases by citizen: cVIGIL provides time-stamped evidentiary proof of the Model Code of Conduct / Expenditure Violation by empowering every citizen to click a photo or video using his or her smartphone. The application is based on GIS technology and the unique feature of auto location provides fairly correct information which can be relied upon by flying squads to navigate to the right spot of incidence and take prompt action. This app prioritizes the speedy and effective action by authorities and promises status report within 100 minutes.

The Application is available on both the Google Play Store and Apple App Store.

2) Suvidha Portal: This portal provides various facilities to candidates/ political parties for online nominations, filing for Permissions etc. as given

To facilitate fillinfacilitate filling of nominations, Election Commission has introduced an online portal for filling Nomination & Affidavit. The Candidate can visit https://suvidha.eci.gov.in/ to create her/his account, fill nomination form, deposit the security amount, check availability of time slot and appropriately plan the visit to the Returning Officer.

> Once the application is filled through the online portal, the candidate only needs to take a printout, get it notarized and submit the application along with relevant documents to the Returning Officer in person.

> The Online Nomination Facility is an optional facility to facilitate ease of filing and correct filing. The regular offline submission as prescribed under the law shall continue too.

b) Candidate Permissions module: Permission module allows candidates, political parties or any representatives of the candidate to apply online for the permission for meetings, rallies, loudspeakers, temporary offices, and others through SUVIDHA Portal <u>https://suvidha.eci.gov.in/</u>. The Candidates can also track their application status through the same portal.

#### c) Suvidha Candidate App.

In view of COVID-19, the Commission has directed that allocation of public spaces for meetings, rallies must be done using the Suvidha app as far as practicable.

NMM d) Candidate Affidavit Portal. The Google Play store.

d) *Candidate Affidavit Portal*: The Complete list of Contesting Candidates with their profile, nomination status and the affidavits will be available for public view through Candidate Affidavit Portal: <u>https://affidavit.eci.gov.in/</u>

# 3) Electronically Transmitted Postal Ballot System (ETPBS) for Service Voter:

Electronically Transmitted Postal Ballot System (ETPBS) will transmit blank Postal Ballot through Electronic means to the Service Voters. Service voters can then send their vote through speed post.

#### 4) Persons with Disability Application (PwD) App:

PwD app is a tool to facilitate Persons with Disabilities. The PwD electors can use this app to request for marking them as PwD, apply for new registration, migration, correction in EPIC details, request for wheelchair etc. It utilises the Accessibility features of mobile phones for voters with blindness and hearing disabilities. The PwD app is available on the Google Play Store and Apple App store.

#### 5) Voter Turnout App:

Voter Turnout App will be used to display real-time estimated provisional voter turnout details of each Assembly Constituency/ Parliamentary Constituency entered by Returning officer. The application can also be used by the media to capture live estimated voter turnout data. All phases of the elections will be displayed through this app in real?

## 6) ENCORE Counting:

NMM end of counting application https://encore.eci.gov.in/ is an endto-end application for Returning Officers to digitize the votes polled, tabulate the round-wise data and then take out various statutory reports of counting.

#### 7) Results Website and Results Trends TV:

The timely publication of the round-wise information is vital for establishing a single source of authentic data. The counting data entered by respective Returning Officers is available as 'Trends and Results' for public view through 'ECI Results website' <u>http://results.eci.gov.in/</u>,

The results are shown with the Infographics and displayed with autoscroll panels through large display screens outside the counting hall or any public place.

#### 8) EVM Management System (EMS):

EVM Management System is designed to manage inventory of EVM units. One of the important modes to ensure a fair and transparent process in EVM management is the administrative protocol of the randomization of the machines before they are deployed in the Polling stations. The randomization is done in the presence of Political Parties' representatives.

## 9) NVSP, Voter portal (Single Form for Electoral Services) and Voter Helpline App:

Through NVSP (<u>https://www.nvsp.in/</u>), a user can avail and access various services such as access the electoral list, apply for voter id card, apply online for corrections in voter's card, view details of Polling booth, Assembly Constituency and Parliamentary constituency, and get the contact details of Booth Level officer, Electoral Registration Officer among other services.

WMM interface suggesting selection of choice based upon his previous selection.

#### 10) Voter Helpline App(VHA):

Citizen can avail and access various services such as apply for voter id card, apply online for corrections in voter's card, view details of Polling booth, Assembly Constituency and Parliamentary constituency, and get the contact details of Booth Level officer, Electoral Registration Officer among other services. The application is available on both the Google Play & Apple Store.

'**Know Your Candidate**' App will also be available for electors to know about the background (including criminal antecedents) of the candidate(s)

#### 11) National Grievances Services Portal:

A comprehensive National Grievance Service Portal (NGSP) has been developed by the Election Commission. It functions as single window system and people can directly lodge IFSC (Information, Feedback, suggestion and Complaints) into this portal. IFSC can be captured via a different medium like Online mode (Portal, Contact Centre & email). Since all Electoral Officers, District Election Officers, CEO and ECI Officials are part of this system, grievances/ issues are directly assigned to the respective user upon registration. The portal can be accessed from the ordine link here: <u>https://eci-citizenservices.eci.nic.in.</u>

#### 37. Conduct of Officials

The Commission expects all officials engaged in the conduct of elections to discharge their duties in an impartial manner without any fear or favour. They are deemed to be on deputation to the Commission and shall be subject to its control, supervision and discipline. The conduct of all Government officials who have been entrusted with election related responsibilities and duties would remain under constant scrutiny of the Commission and strict action shall be taken against those officials who are found wanting on any account.

> On the recommendation of ECI, Union Health Ministry has issued orders on 8<sup>th</sup> February 2021 that all election officials and employees will be treated as frontline workers and will be vaccinated for COVID.

#### 38. Schedules of General Elections

The Commission has prepared the Schedules for holding General Election to the Legislative Assemblies of Goa, Manipur, Punjab, Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh after taking into consideration all relevant aspects like climatic conditions, academic calendar, board examination, major festivals, prevailing law and order situation in the State, availability of Central Armed Police Forces, time needed for movement, transportation and timely deployment of forces and in-depth assessment of other relevant ground realities.

*In view of COVID-19, Commission has decided to extend the poll timing by 1 hour in all ACs except in LWE areas.* 

The Commission, after considering all relevant aspects has decided to recommend to the Governor of the States of Goa, Manipur, Punjab, Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh to issue notifications for the General Election under the relevant provisions of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, as per the Arinexure-1-5.

The commission seeks the active cooperation, close collaboration and constructive partnership of all the esteemed stakeholders in the electoral process and strives to employ the collective synergies towards delivering a smooth, free, fair, peaceful, participative and festive General Assembly Elections, 2022 in Goa, Manipur, Punjab, Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh.

www

Sd/-(SANJEEV KUMAR PRASAD) SECRETARY

#### <u>SCHEDULE</u>

	Poll Events	Single Phase
		(All 40 ACs)
	Date of Issue of Notification	21-01-2022
	21:	(Friday)
	Last date of making nomination	28-01-2022
	ation	(Friday)
	Fale of Scrutiny	29-01-2022
www.roy	0	(Saturday)
	Last date of withdrawal	31-01-2022
M		(Monday)
1	Date of Poll	14-02-2022
		(Monday)
	Date of Counting	10-03-2022
		(Thursday)
	Date of completion	12-03-2022
		(Saturday)

\*Details of ACs going to poll enclosed.

List of Forty (40) Assembly Constituencies of Goa going to polls in Single Phase as per
Annexure-1

	Sl.No.	Assembly Constituency
		No. and Name
	1.	1 - Mandrem
	2.	2 - Pernem (SC)
	3.	3 - Bicholim
	4.	4 - Tivim
	5.	5 - Mapusa
	6.	6 - Siolim
	7.	7 - Saligao
	8.	8 - Calangute
	<u></u>	9 - Porvorim
•	10.	10 - Aldona
~	11.	11 - Panaji
www.royalpa	12.	12 - Taleigao
Ň	13.	13 - St. Cruz
2.0	14.	14 - St. Andre
رO۲	15.	15 - Cumbarjua
	16.	16 - Maem
	17.	17 - Sanquelim
	18.	18 - Poriem
1	19.	19 - Valpoi
	20.	20 - Priol
	21.	21 - Ponda
	22.	22 - Siroda
	23.	23 - Marcaim
	24.	24 - Mormugao
	25.	25 - Vasco-Da-Gama
	26.	26 - Dabolim
	27.	27 - Cortalim
	28.	28 - Nuvem
	29.	29 - Curtorim
	30.	30 - Fatorda
	31.	31 - Margao
	32.	32 - Benaulim
	33.	33 - Navelim
	34.	34 - Cuncolim
	35.	35 - Velim
	36.	36 - Quepem
	37.	37 - Curchorem
	38.	38 - Sanvordem
	39.	39 - Sanguem
	40.	40 - Canacona
	10.	io Gunacona



19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Valpoi Priol Ponda Siroda Marcaim Mormugao Vasco-Da-Gama Dabolim Cortalim Nuvem Curtorim Fatorda Margao Benaulim		40		UTTARA KANNADA
33 34	Navelim Cuncolim	Map not to Scale		Poll Event	2nd Phase (All 40 ACs)
35 36	Velim Quepem	LEGEND		Issue of Notification	21-01-2022 (Friday)
37	Curchorem	State Boundary		Date of Poll	14-02-2022 (Monday)
38 39	Sanvordem Sanguem	District Boundary		Counting of Votes	10-03-2022 (Thursday)
40	Canacona	— Assembly Boundary		No. of Districts	02

#### **SCHEDULE**

#### A: Schedule for General Election to the Legislative Assembly of Manipur:

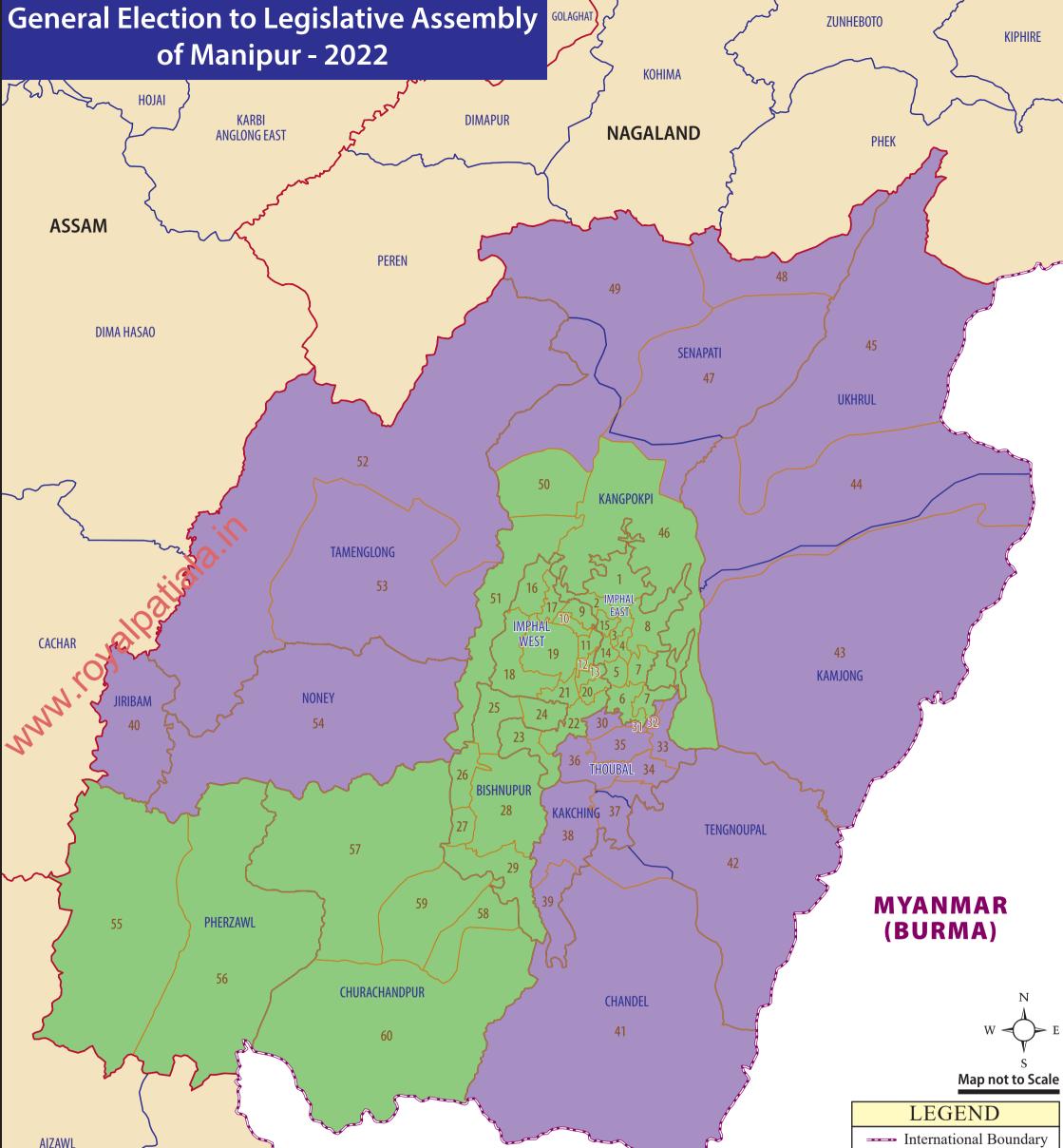
	Poll Events	Phase-V	Phase-VI		
		(38 ACs)	(22 ACs)		
	Date of Issue of	01-02-2022	04-02-2022		
	Notification	(Tuesday)	(Friday)		
	Last date of	08-02-2022	11-02-2022		
	making nomination	(Tuesday)	(Friday)		
		09-02-2022	14-02-2022		
www.royalp?	Date of Scrutiny	(Wednesday)	(Monday)		
	Last date of	11-02-2022	16-02-2022		
ww.	withdrawal	(Friday)	(Wednesday)		
2		27-02-2022	03-03-2022		
	Date of Poll	(Sunday)	(Thursday)		
		10-03-2022	10-03-2022		
	Date of Counting	(Thursday)	(Thursday)		
	Date of	12-03-2022	12-03-2022		
	completion	(Saturday)	(Saturday)		

\*Details of ACs going to poll during the phases enclosed.

#### List of Sixty (60) Assembly Constituencies of Manipur going to polls in Phase-I as per Annexure-2

	Sl.No.	Assembly Constituency No. and Name
	1.	1 - Khundrakpam
	2.	2 - Heingang
	3.	3 - Khurai
	4.	4 - Khetrigao
	5.	5 - Thongju
	6.	6 - Keirao
	7.	7 - Andro
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	8.	8 - Lamlai
i o	9.	9 - Thangmeiband
	10.	10 - Uripok
www.royalpatiala	11.	11 - Sagolband
	12.	12 - Keisamthong
	13.	13 - Singjamei
N.	14.	14 - Yaiskul
and the second s	15.	15 - Wangkhei
7	16.	16 - Sekmai (SC)
	17.	17 - Lamsang
	18.	18 - Konthoujam
	19.	19 - Patsoi
	20.	20 - Langthabal
	21.	21 - Naoriya Pakhanglakpa
	22.	22 - Wangoi
	23.	23 - Mayang Imphal
	24.	24 - Nambol
	25.	25 - Oinam
	26.	26 - Bishenpur
	27.	27 - Moirang
	28.	28 - Thanga
	29.	29 - Kumbi
	30.	30 - Lilong
	31.	31 - Thoubal
	32.	32 - Wangkhem
	33.	33 - Heirok
	34.	34 - Wangjing Tentha
	35.	35 - Khangabo

	36.	36	-	Wabgai
	37.	37	-	Kakching
	38.	38	-	Hiyanglam
	39.	39	-	Sugnoo
	40.	40	-	Jiribam
	41.	41	-	Chandel (ST)
	42.	42	-	Tengnoupal (ST)
	43.	43	-	Phungyar (ST)
	44.	44	-	Ukhrul (ST)
	45.	45	-	Chingai (ST)
•	46.	46	-	Saikul (ST)
	47.	47	-	Karong (ST)
	48.	48	-	Mao (ST)
atte	49.	49	-	Tadubi (ST)
NO <sup>O</sup>	50.	50	-	Kangpokpi
131X	51.	51	-	Saitu (ST)
	52.	52	-	Tamei (ST)
	53.	53	-	Tamenglong (ST)
	54.	54	-	Nungba (ST)
www.royalpatiala	55.	55	-	Tipaimukh (ST)
1.	56.	56	-	Thanlon (ST)
	57.	57	-	Henglep (ST)
	58.	58	-	Churachandpur (ST)
	59.	59	-	Saikot (ST)
	60.	60	-	Singhat (ST)



AIZAWL	$\int$	•	Jean					— State I — Distric	Boun	nal Boundary ndary oundary Boundary
$\sim$					Α	SSEMBLY C	ON	STITUENCY		
}	ZORAM		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Khundrakpam Heingang Khurai Khetrigao Thongju Keirao Andro Lamlai	17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Lamsang Konthoujam Patsoi Langthabal Naoriya Pakhanglakpa Wangoi Mayang Imphal	32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Heirok Wangjing Tentha Khangabo Wabgai Kakching Hiyanglam	48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	Mao (ST) Tadubi (ST) Kangpokpi Saitu (ST) Tamei (ST) Tamenglong (ST) Nungba (ST) Tipaimukh (ST)
Poll Event	5th Phase (38 ACs)	6th Phase (22 ACs)	9	Thangmeiband ) Uripok	24 25	Nambol Oinam	40 41		56 57	Thanlon (ST) Henglep (ST)
Issue of Notification	01-02-2022 (Tuesday)	04-02-2022 (Friday)	1	I Sagolband	26	Bishenpur	42	Tengnoupal (ST)	58	Churachandpur (ST)
Date of Poll	27-02-2022 (Sunday)	03-03-2022 (Thursday)	13	2 Keisamthong 3 Singjamei	27 28	Moirang Thanga	43 44	Phungyar (ST) Ukhrul (ST)	59 60	Saikot (ST) Singhat (ST)
Counting of Votes	10-03-2022 (Thursday)	10-03-2022 (Thursday)	14	4 Yaiskul 5 Wangkhei	29 30	Kumbi Lilong	45 46	<b>J</b> . ,		
No. of Districts	06	10		5 Sekmai (SC)	31	-	47			

#### **SCHEDULE**

	Poll Events	Single Phase
		(All 117 ACs)
	Date of Issue of Notification	21-01-2022
	ni	(Friday)
	Last date of making nomination	28-01-2022
	alle	(Friday)
. (	Date of Scrutiny	29-01-2022
www.roy		(Saturday)
N.	Last date of withdrawal	31-01-2022
MM		(Monday)
	Date of Poll	14-02-2022
		(Monday)
	Date of Counting	10-03-2022
		(Thursday)
	Date of completion	12-03-2022
		(Saturday)

#### A: Schedule for General Election to the Legislative Assembly of Punjab:

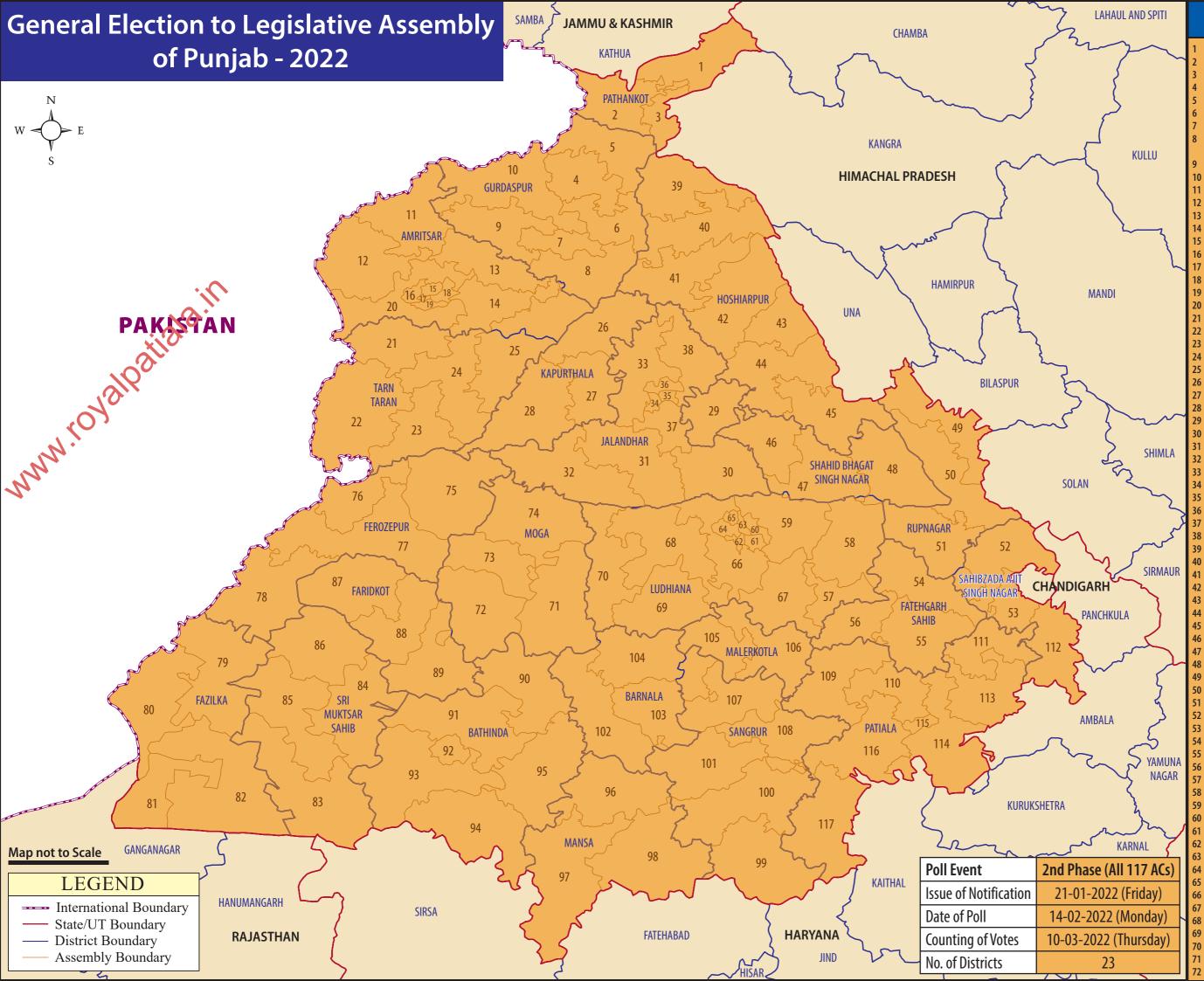
\*Details of ACs going to poll enclosed.

	Single i nuse us per minexure s						
	Sl.No.	Assembly Constituency					
		No. and Name					
	1.	1 - Sujanpur					
	2.	2 - Bhoa (SC)					
	3.	3 - Pathankot					
	4.	4 - Gurdaspur					
	5.	5 - Dina Nagar (SC)					
	6.	6 - Qadian					
	7.	7 - Batala					
	8.	8 - Sri Hargobindpur (SC)					
	9.	9 - Fatehgarh Churian					
×	10.	10 - Dera Baba Nanak					
	11.	11 - Ajnala					
	12.	12 - Raja Sansi					
	13.	13 - Majitha					
www.royalpat	14.	14 - Jandiala (SC)					
	15.	15 - Amritsar North					
	16.	16 - Amritsar West (SC)					
	17.	17 - Amritsar Central					
2	18.	18 - Amritsar East					
	19.	19 - Amritsar South					
	20.	20 - Attari (SC)					
	21.	21 - Tarn Taran					
	22.	22 - Khem Karan					
	23.	23 - Patti					
	24.	24 - Khadoor Sahib					
	25.	25 - Baba Bakala (SC)					
	26.	26 - Bholath					
	27.	27 - Kapurthala					
	28.	28 - Sultanpur Lodhi					
	29.	29 - Phagwara (SC)					
	30.	30 - Phillaur (SC)					
	31.	31 - Nakodar					
	32.	32 - Shahkot					
	33.	33 - Kartarpur (SC)					
	34.	34 - Jalandhar West (SC)					
	35.	35 - Jalandhar Central					
	36.	36 - Jalandhar North					
	37.	37 - Jalandhar Cantt.					
	38.	38 - Adampur (SC)					
	39.	39 - Mukerian					

#### List of One Hundred Seventeen (117) Assembly Constituencies of Punjab going to polls in Single Phase as per Annexure-3

	40.	40	-	Dasuya
	41.	41	-	Urmar
	42.	42	-	Sham Chaurasi (SC)
	43.	43	-	Hoshiarpur
	44.	44	-	Chabbewal (SC)
	45.	45	-	Garhshankar
	46.	46	-	Banga (SC)
	47.	47	-	Nawan Shahr
	48.	48	-	Balachaur
	49.	49	-	Anandpur Sahib
	50,	50	-	Rupnagar
	51.	51	-	Chamkaur Sahib (SC)
	<b>\$</b> 252.	52	-	Kharar
•	53.	53	-	S.A.S.Nagar
×	54.	54	-	Bassi Pathana (SC)
0	55.	55	-	Fatehgarh Sahib
www.royalpa	56.	56	-	Amloh
1.0	57.	57	-	Khanna
(O)	58.	58	-	Samrala
	59.	59	-	Sahnewal
	60.	60	-	Ludhiana East
	61.	61	-	Ludhiana South
1	62.	62	-	Atam Nagar
	63.	63	-	Ludhiana Central
	64.	64	-	Ludhiana West
	65.	65	-	Ludhiana North
	66.	66	-	Gill (SC)
	67.	67	-	Payal (SC)
	68.	68	-	Dakha
	69.	69	-	Raikot (SC)
	70.	70	-	Jagraon (SC)
	71.	71	-	Nihal Singhwala (SC)
	72.	72	-	Bhagha Purana
	73.	73	-	Moga
	74.	74	-	Dharamkot
	75.	75	-	Zira
	76.	76	-	Firozpur City
	77.	77	-	Firozpur Rural (SC)
	78.	78	-	Guru Har Sahai
	79.	79	-	Jalalabad
	80.	80	-	Fazilka
	81.	81	-	Abohar
	82.	82	-	Balluana (SC)
	83.	83	-	Lambi

	84.	84	1	-	Gidderbaha
	85.	85	5	-	Malout (SC)
	86.	80	5	-	Muktsar
	87.	87	7	-	Faridkot
	88.	88	3	-	Kotkapura
	89.	89		-	Jaitu (SC)
	90.	9(	)	-	Rampura Phul
	91.	91	L	-	Bhucho Mandi (SC)
	92.	92		-	Bathinda Urban
	93.	93	3	-	Bathinda Rural (SC)
	94	94		-	Talwandi Sabo
	95.	95	5	-	Maur
		96	5	-	Mansa
•	97.	97	7	-	Sardulgarh
www.royalpa	98.	98	3	-	Budhlada (SC)
	99.	99	)	-	Lehra
	100.	100	)	-	Dirba (SC)
N.O.	101.	102	L	-	Sunam
<b>(O )</b>	102.	102	2	-	Bhadaur (SC)
2.	103.	103	3	-	Barnala
SV.	104.	104	1	-	Mehal Kalan (SC)
Nº.	105.	105	5	-	Malerkotla
<b>N</b> .	106.	106	5	-	Amargarh
	107.	107	7	-	Dhuri
	108.	108	3	-	Sangrur
	109.	109	)	-	Nabha (SC)
	110.	110		-	Patiala Rural
	111.	112	L	-	Rajpura
	112.	112	2	-	Dera Bassi
	113.	113	3	-	Ghanaur
	114.	114	1	-	Sanour
	115.	115		-	Patiala
	116.	116	5	-	Samana
	117.	117	7	-	Shutrana (SC)



#### CONSTITUENCY Sujanpur Bhoa (SC) Pathankot Gurdaspur Dina Nagar (SC) Qadian Batala Sri Hargobindpur (SC) **Fatehgarh Churian** Dera Baba Nanak 10 Ajnala 12 Raja Sansi 13 Majitha 14 Jandiala (SC) 15 Amritsar North Amritsar West (SC) 16 **Amritsar Central** 18 **Amritsar East** 19 Amritsar South Attari (SC) Tarn Taran Khem Karan Patti Khadoor Sahib 24 25 Baba Bakala (SC) 26 Bholath 27 Kapurthala Sultanpur Lodhi 28 29 Phagwara (SC) Phillaur (SC) 30 Nakodar Shahkot 32 Kartarpur (SC) 33 34 Jalandhar West (SC) **Jalandhar Central Jalandhar North** Jalandhar Cantt. 38 Adampur (SC) 39 **Mukerian** 40 Dasuya 41 Urmar Sham Chaurasi (SC) 42 116 Samana 43 Hoshiarpur 44 Chabbewal (SC) 45 Garhshankar 46 Banga (SC) 47 Nawan Shahr 48 Balachaur 49 **Anandpur Sahib** 50 Rupnagar 51 Chamkaur Sahib (SC) 52 Kharar S.A.S.Nagar 53 Bassi Pathana (SC) 54 55 Fatehgarh Sahib 56 Amloh 57 Khanna 58 Samrala 59 Sahnewal 60 Ludhiana East **Ludhiana South** Atam Nagar 62 63 Ludhiana Central 64 Ludhiana West 65 Ludhiana North 66 Gill (SC) Payal (SC) 68 Dakha 69 Raikot (SC) 70 Jagraon (SC) 71 Nihal Singhwala (SC) 72 Bhagha Purana

3	Moga
4	Dharamkot
5	Zira
6	Firozpur City
7	Firozpur Rural (SC)
8	Guru Har Sahai
9	Jalalabad
0	Fazilka
1	Abohar
2	Balluana (SC)
3	Lambi
4	Gidderbaha
5	Malout (SC)
6	Muktsar
7	Faridkot
8	Kotkapura
9	Jaitu (SC)
0	Rampura Phul
1	Bhucho Mandi (SC)
2	Bathinda Urban
3	Bathinda Rural (SC
4	Talwandi Sabo
5	Maur
6	Mansa
7	Sardulgarh
8	Budhlada (SC)
9	Lehra
00	Dirba (SC)
01	Sunam
02	Bhadaur (SC)
03	Barnala
04	Mehal Kalan (SC)
05	Malerkotla
06	Amargarh
07	Dhuri
80	Sangrur
09	Nabha (SC)
10	Patiala Rural
11	Rajpura
12	Dera Bassi
13	Ghanaur
14	Sanour

**ASSEMBLY** 

- 115 Patiala
- 117 Shutrana (SC)

#### **SCHEDULE**

#### A: Schedule for General Election to the Legislative Assembly of Uttarakhand:

	Poll Events	Single Phase
		(All 70 ACs)
	Date of Issue of Notification	21-01-2022
	2.1	(Friday)
	Last date of making nomination	28-01-2022
	Ro	(Friday)
4	Date of Scrutiny	29-01-2022
M. roy		(Saturday)
L.	Last date of withdrawal	31-01-2022
		(Monday)
	Date of Poll	14-02-2022
		(Monday)
	Date of Counting	10-03-2022
		(Thursday)
	Date of completion	12-03-2022
		(Saturday)

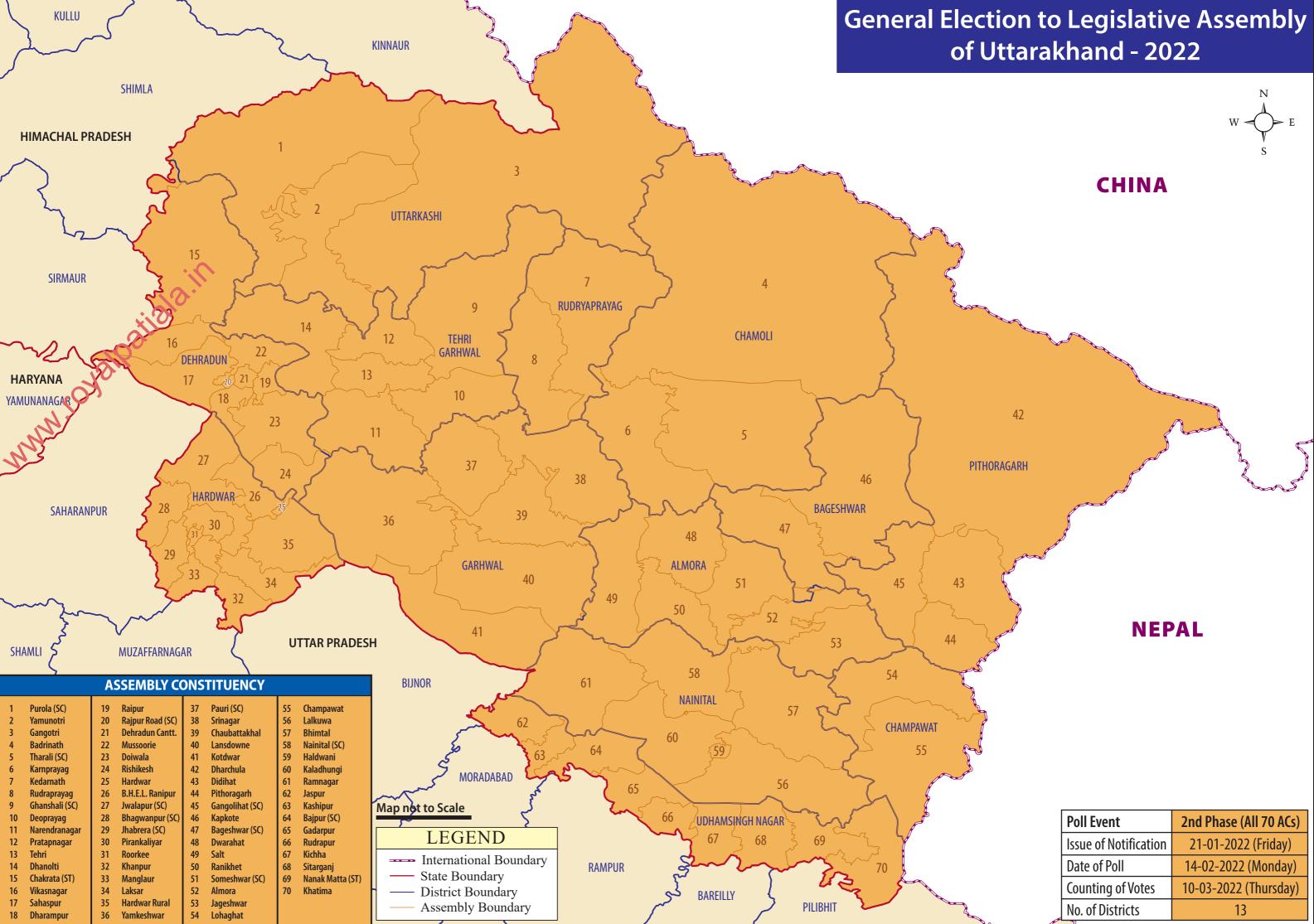
\*Details of ACs going to poll enclosed.

R

	CLN	
	Sl.No.	Assembly Constituency No. and Name
	1	
	1.	1-Purola (SC)2-Yamunotri
	2.	
	3.	8
	4.	4 - Badrinath
	5.	5 - Tharali (SC)
	6.	6 - Karnprayag
	7.	7 - Kedarnath
	8.	8 - Rudraprayag
•	<u> </u>	9 - Ghanshali (SC)
	10.	10 - Deoprayag
	11.	11 - Narendranagar
<sup>X</sup>	12.	<u>12 - Pratapnagar</u>
10	13.	<u> 13 - Tehri</u>
www.royalpa	14.	14 - Dhanolti
	15.	15 - Chakrata (ST)
	16.	16 - Vikasnagar
	17.	17 - Sahaspur
5	18.	18 - Dharampur
	19.	19 - Raipur
	20.	20 - Rajpur Road (SC)
	21.	21 - Dehradun Cantt.
	22.	22 - Mussoorie
	23.	23 - Doiwala
	24.	24 - Rishikesh
	25.	25 - Hardwar
	26.	26 - B.H.E.L. Ranipur
	27.	27 - Jwalapur (SC)
	28.	28 - Bhagwanpur (SC)
	29.	29 - Jhabrera (SC)
	30.	30 - Pirankaliyar
	31.	31 - Roorkee
	32.	32 - Khanpur
	33.	33 - Manglaur
	34.	34 - Laksar
	35.	35 - Hardwar Rural
	36.	36 - Yamkeshwar
	37.	37 - Pauri (SC)
	38.	38 - Srinagar
	39.	39 - Chaubattakhal

#### List of Seventy (70) Assembly Constituencies of Uttarakhand going to polls in Single Phase as per Annexure-4

	40.	40	-	Lansdowne
	41.	41	-	Kotdwar
	42.	42	-	Dharchula
	43.	43	-	Didihat
	44.	44	-	Pithoragarh
	45.	45	-	Gangolihat (SC)
	46.	46	-	Kapkote
	47.	47	-	Bageshwar (SC)
	48.	48	-	Dwarahat
	49.	49	-	Salt
	50,	50	-	Ranikhet
	51.	51	-	Someshwar (SC)
	<b>5</b> 2.	52	-	Almora
•	53.	53	-	Jageshwar
www.royalpa	54.	54	-	Lohaghat
	55.	55	-	Champawat
	56.	56	-	Lalkuwa
	57.	57	-	Bhimtal
<b>(O</b> )	58.	58	-	Nainital (SC)
2.	59.	59	-	Haldwani
	60.	60	-	Kaladhungi
N.	61.	61	-	Ramnagar
1	62.	62	-	Jaspur
	63.	63	-	Kashipur
	64.	64	-	Bajpur (SC)
	65.	65	-	Gadarpur
	66.	66	-	Rudrapur
	67.	67	-	Kichha
	68.	68	-	Sitarganj
	69.	69	-	Nanak Matta (ST)
	70.	70	-	Khatima





Poll Event	2nd Phase (All 70 ACs)
Issue of Notification	21-01-2022 (Friday)
Date of Poll	14-02-2022 (Monday)
Counting of Votes	10-03-2022 (Thursday)
No. of Districts	13

#### **SCHEDULE**

#### A: Schedule for General Election to the Legislative Assembly of Uttar Pradesh:

	Poll Events	Phase-I	Phase-II	Phase-III	Phase-IV	Phase-V	Phase-VI	Phase-VII
		(58 ACs)	(55 ACs)	(59 ACs)	(60 ACs)	(60 ACs)	(57 ACs)	(54 ACs)
	Date of	14-01-2022	21-01-2022	25-01-2022	27-01-2022	01-02-2022	04-02-2022	10-02-2022
	Issue of Notification	(Friday)	(Friday)	(Tuesday)	(Thursday)	(Tuesday)	(Friday)	(Thursday)
	Last date of	21-01-2022	29-01-2022	01-02-2022	03-02-2022	08-02-2022	11-02-2022	17-02-2022
	making nomination	(Friday)	(Friday)	(Tuesday)	(Thursday)	(Tuesday)	(Friday)	(Thursday)
	Date of	24 01-2022	29-01-2022	02-02-2022	04-02-2022	09-02-2022	14-02-2022	18-02-2022
	Scrutiny	¶i∕londay)	(Saturday)	(Wednesday)	(Friday)	(Wednesday)	(Monday)	(Friday)
	Last date of	27-01-2022	31-01-2022	04-02-2022	07-02-2022	11-02-2022	16-02-2022	21-02-2022
	withdravar	(Thursday)	(Monday)	(Friday)	(Monday)	(Friday)	(Wednesday)	(Monday)
	Date of Poll	10-02-2022	14-02-2022	20-02-2022	23-02-2022	27-02-2022	03-03-2022	07-03-2022
hh	•	(Thursday)	(Monday)	(Sunday)	(Tuesday)	(Sunday)	(Thursday)	(Monday)
N	Date of	10-03-2022	10-03-2022	10-03-2022	10-03-2022	10-03-2022	10-03-2022	10-03-2022
	Counting	(Thursday)	(Thursday)	(Thursday)	(Thursday)	(Thursday)	(Thursday)	(Thursday)
	Date of	12-03-2022	12-03-2022	12-03-2022	12-03-2022	12-03-2022	12-03-2022	12-03-2022
	completion	(Saturday)	(Saturday)	(Saturday)	(Saturday)	(Saturday)	(Saturday)	(Saturday)

\*Details of ACs going to poll during the phases enclosed.

#### List of Four Hundred Three (403) Assmbly Constituencies of Uttar Pradesh going to polls in Phase-I as per Annexure-5

	Sl.No.	Assembly Constituency No. and Name
	1.	1 - Behat
	2.	2 - Nakur
	3.	3 - Saharanpur Nagar
	4.	4 - Saharanpur
	5.	5 - Deoband
	6.	6 - Rampur Maniharan (SC)
•	7.	7 - Gangoh
www.coyalpat	8.	8 - Kairana
	9.	9 - Thana Bhawan
Nati	10.	10 - Shamli
, <b>(</b> 0, <b>)</b>	11.	11 - Budhana
N.	12.	12 - Charthawal
Nr.	13.	13 - Purqazi (SC)
	14.	14 - Muzaffar Nagar
	15.	15 - Khatauli
	16.	16 - Meerapur
	17.	17 - Najibabad
	18.	18 - Nagina (SC)
	19.	19 - Barhapur
	20.	20 - Dhampur
	21.	21 - Nehtaur (SC)
	22.	22 - Bijnor
	23.	23 - Chandpur
	24.	24 - Noorpur
	25.	25 - Kanth
	26.	26 - Thakurdwara
	27.	27 - Moradabad Rural
	28.	28 - Moradabad Nagar
	29.	29 - Kundarki
	30.	30 - Bilari

	31.	31		Chandausi (SC)
	31.	31		Asmoli
	33.	33	-	Sambhal
	34.	34	-	Suar
	35.	35	-	Chamraua
	36.	36	-	Bilaspur
	37.	37	-	Rampur
	38.	38	-	Milak (SC)
	39.	39	-	Dhanaura (SC)
	40.	40	-	Naugawan Sadat
	41.	41	-	Amroha
www.royalpat	42.	42	-	Hasanpur
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	43.	43	-	Siwalkhas
	44.	44	-	Sardhana
je.	45.	45	-	Hastinapur (SC)
	46.	46	-	Kithore
N	47.	47	-	Meerut Cantt.
2.	48.	48	-	Meerut
	49.	49	-	Meerut South
	50.	50	-	Chhaprauli
	51.	51	-	Baraut
	52.	52	-	Baghpat
	53.	53	-	Loni
	54.	54	-	Muradnagar
	55.	55	-	Sahibabad
	56.	56	-	Ghaziabad
	57.	57	-	Modi Nagar
	58.	58	-	Dhaulana
	59.	59	-	Hapur (SC)
	60.	60	-	Garhmukteshwar
	61.	61	-	Noida
	62.	62	-	Dadri
	63.	63	-	Jewar
	64.	64	-	Sikandrabad
	65.	65	-	Bulandshahr

	66.	66	-	Syana
	67.	67	-	Anupshahr
	68.	68	-	Debai
	69.	69	-	Shikarpur
	70.	70	-	Khurja (SC)
	71.	71	-	Khair (SC)
	72.	72	-	Barauli
	73.	73	-	Atrauli
	74.	74	-	Chharra
	75.	75	-	Koil
	76.	76	-	Aligarh
www.coyalpai	77.	77	-	Iglas (SC)
2	78.	78	-	Hathras (SC)
.Alk	79.	79	-	Sadabad
, A	80.	80	-	Sikandra Rao
N.I.	81.	81	-	Chhata
N	82.	82	-	Mant
N	83.	83	-	Goverdhan
	84.	84	-	Mathura
	85.	85	-	Baldev (SC)
	86.	86	-	Etmadpur
	87.	87	-	Agra Cantt. (SC)
	88.	88	-	Agra South
	89.	89	-	Agra North
	90.	90	-	Agra Rural (SC)
	91.	91	-	Fatehpur Sikri
	92.	92	-	Kheragarh
	93.	93	-	Fatehabad
	94.	94	-	Bah
	95.	95	-	Tundla (SC)
	96.	96	-	Jasrana
	97.	97	-	Firozabad
	98.	98	-	Shikohabad
	99.	99	-	Sirsaganj
	100.	100	-	Kasganj
	l			

	101.	101	-	Amanpur
	102.	102	-	Patiyali
	103.	103	-	Aliganj
	104.	104	-	Etah
	105.	105	-	Marhara
	106.	106	-	Jalesar (SC)
	107.	107	-	Mainpuri
	108.	108	-	Bhongaon
	109.	109	-	Kishni (SC)
	110.	110	-	Karhal
	011.	111	-	Gunnaur
÷.	112.	112	-	Bisauli (SC)
www.royalpat	113.	113	-	Sahaswan
	114.	114	-	Bilsi
67	115.	115	-	Badaun
N.	116.	116	-	Shekhupur
Nr.	117.	117	-	Dataganj
4	118.	118	-	Baheri
	119.	119	-	Meerganj
	120.	120	-	Bhojipura
	121.	121	-	Nawabganj
	122.	122	-	Faridpur (SC)
	123.	123	-	Bithari Chainpur
	124.	124	-	Bareilly
	125.	125	-	Bareilly Cantt.
	126.	126	-	Aonla
	127.	127	-	Pilibhit
	128.	128	-	Barkhera
	129.	129	-	Puranpur (SC)
	130.	130	-	Bisalpur
	131.	131	-	Katra
	132.	132	-	Jalalabad
	133.	133	-	Tilhar
	134.	134	-	Powayan (SC)
	135.	135	-	Shahjahanpur

	136.	136	-	Dadraul
	137.	137	-	Palia
	138.	138	-	Nighasan
	139.	139	-	Gola Gokrannath
	140.	140	-	Sri Nagar (SC)
	141.	141	-	Dhaurahra
	142.	142	-	Lakhimpur
	143.	143	-	Kasta (SC)
	144.	144	-	Mohammdi
	145.	145	-	Maholi
	46.	146	-	Sitapur
÷	147.	147	-	Hargaon (SC)
www.royalpat	148.	148	-	Laharpur
	149.	149	-	Biswan
67	150.	150	-	Sevata
N.	151.	151	-	Mahmoodabad
Nr.	152.	152	-	Sidhauli (SC)
2	153.	153	-	Misrikh (SC)
	154.	154	-	Sawayazpur
	155.	155	-	Shahabad
	156.	156	-	Hardoi
	157.	157	-	Gopamau (SC)
	158.	158	-	Sandi (SC)
	159.	159	-	Bilgram-Mallanwan
	160.	160	-	Balamau (SC)
	161.	161	-	Sandila
	162.	162	-	Bangermau
	163.	163	-	Safipur (SC)
	164.	164	-	Mohan (SC)
	165.	165	-	Unnao
	166.	166	-	Bhagwantnagar
	167.	167	-	Purwa
	168.	168	-	Malihabad (SC)
	169.	169	-	Bakshi Kaa Talab
	170.	170	-	Sarojini Nagar

	171.	171		Lucknow West
www.royalpat	171.			
		172	-	Lucknow North
	173.	173	-	Lucknow East
	174.	174	-	Lucknow Central
	175.	175	-	Lucknow Cantt.
	176.	176	-	Mohanlalganj (SC)
	177.	177	-	Bachhrawan (SC)
	178.	178	-	Tiloi
	179.	179	-	Harchandpur
	180.	180	-	Rae Bareli
	181.	181	-	Salon (SC)
	182.	182	-	Sareni
	183.	183	-	Unchahar
	184.	184	-	Jagdishpur (SC)
	185.	185	-	Gauriganj
	186.	186	-	Amethi
	187.	187	-	Isauli
	188.	188	-	Sultanpur
	189.	189	-	Sadar
	190.	190	-	Lambhua
	191.	191	-	Kadipur (SC)
	192.	192	-	Kaimganj (SC)
	193.	193	-	Amritpur
	194.	194	-	Farrukhabad
	195.	195	-	Bhojpur
	196.	196	-	Chhibramau
	197.	197	-	Tirwa
	198.	198	-	Kannauj (SC)
	199.	199	-	Jaswantnagar
	200.	200	-	Etawah
	201.	201	-	Bharthana (SC)
	202.	202	-	Bidhuna
	203.	203	-	Dibiyapur
	204.	204	-	Auraiya (SC)
	205.	205	-	Rasulabad (SC)

	206.	206	-	Akbarpur-Raniya
www.royalpai	207.	207	-	Sikandra
	208.	208	-	Bhognipur
	209.	209	-	Bilhaur (SC)
	210.	210	-	Bithoor
	211.	211	-	Kalyanpur
	212.	212	-	Govindnagar
	213.	213	-	Sishamau
	214.	214	-	Arya Nagar
	215.	215	-	Kidwai Nagar
	216.	216	-	Kanpur Cantt.
	217.	217	-	Maharajpur
	218.	218	-	Ghatampur (SC)
	219.	219	-	Madhaugarh
	220.	220	-	Kalpi
	221.	221	-	Orai (SC)
	222.	222	-	Babina
	223.	223	-	Jhansi Nagar
	224.	224	-	Mauranipur (SC)
	225.	225	-	Garautha
	226.	226	-	Lalitpur
	227.	227	-	Mehroni (SC)
	228.	228	-	Hamirpur
	229.	229	-	Rath (SC)
	230.	230	-	Mahoba
	231.	231	-	Charkhari
	232.	232	-	Tindwari
	233.	233	-	Baberu
	234.	234	-	Naraini (SC)
	235.	235	-	Banda
	236.	236	-	Chitrakoot
	237.	237	-	Manikpur
	238.	238	-	Jahanabad
	239.	239	-	Bindki
	240.	240	-	Fatehpur

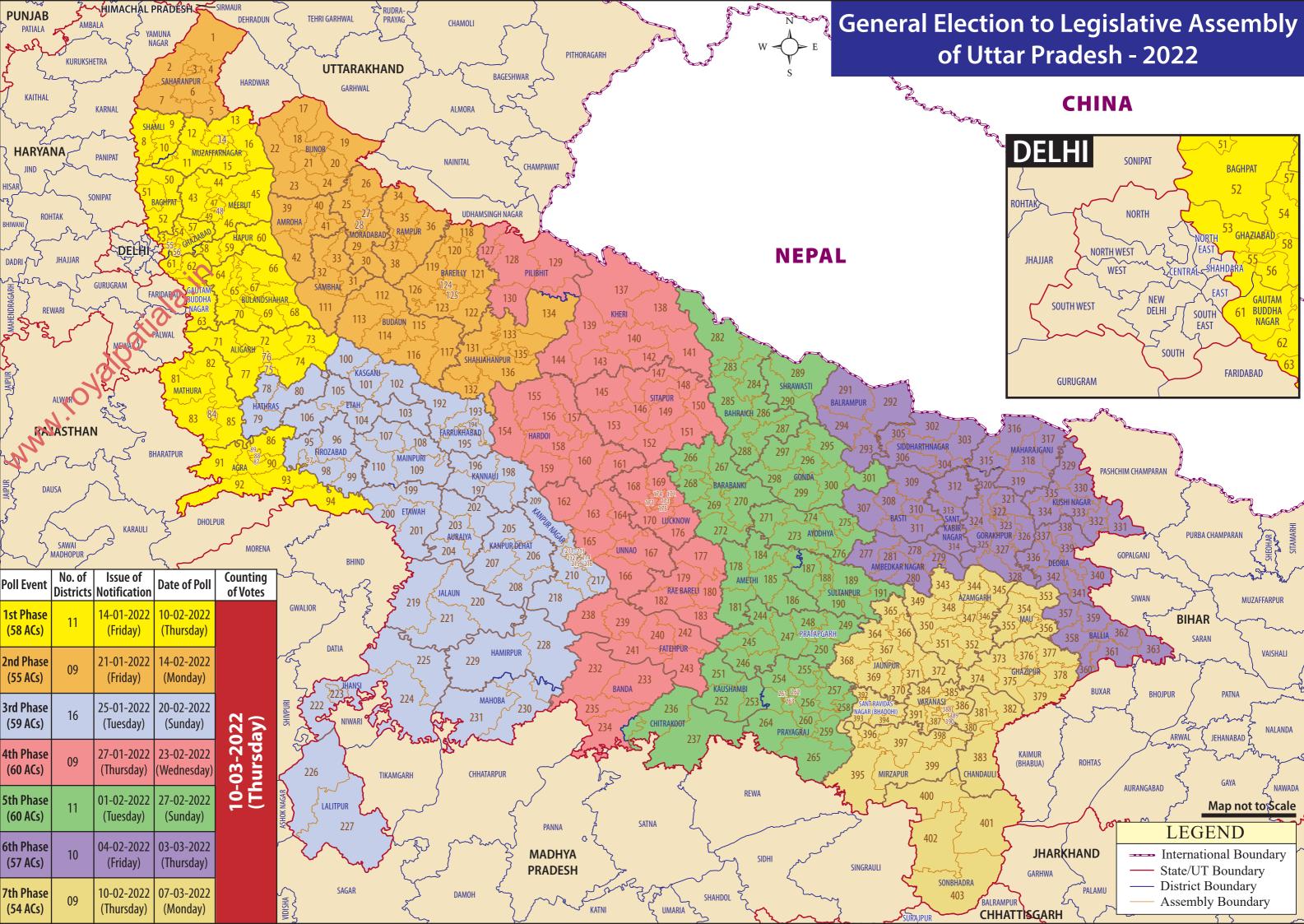
	241.	241	-	Ayah Shah
	242.	242	-	Husainganj
	243.	243	-	Khaga (SC)
	244.	244	-	Rampur Khas
	245.	245	-	Babaganj (SC)
	246.	246	-	Kunda
	247.	247	-	Vishwanath Ganj
	248.	248	-	Pratapgarh
	249.	249	-	Patti
	250.	250	-	Raniganj
	<b>2</b> 51.	251	-	Sirathu
×.	252.	252	-	Manjhanpur (SC)
S. S.	253.	253	-	Chail
	254.	254	-	Phaphamau
S.	255.	255	-	Soraon (SC)
N.	256.	256	-	Phulpur
N	257.	257	-	Pratappur
www.royalpai	258.	258	-	Handia
	259.	259	-	Meja
	260.	260	-	Karachhana
	261.	261	-	Allahabad West
	262.	262	-	Allahabad North
	263.	263	-	Allahabad South
	264.	264	-	Bara (SC)
	265.	265	-	Koraon (SC)
	266.	266	-	Kursi
	267.	267	-	Ram Nagar
	268.	268	-	Barabanki
	269.	269	-	Zaidpur (SC)
	270.	270	-	Dariyabad
	271.	271	-	Rudauli
	272.	272	-	Haidergarh (SC)
	273.	273	-	Milkipur (SC)
	274.	274	-	Bikapur
	275.	275	-	Ayodhya

	276.	276	-	Goshainganj
	277.	277	-	Katehari
	278.	278	-	Tanda
	279.	279	-	Alapur (SC)
	280.	280	-	Jalalpur
	281.	281	-	Akbarpur
	282.	282	-	Balha (SC)
	283.	283	-	Nanpara
	284.	284	-	Matera
	285.	285	-	Mahasi
	286.	286	-	Bahraich
÷	287.	287	-	Payagpur
S. S.	288.	288	-	Kaiserganj
	289.	289	-	Bhinga
<i>.6</i> .	290.	290	-	Shrawasti
N.	291.	291	-	Tulsipur
www.royalpai	292.	292	-	Gainsari
	293.	293	-	Utraula
	294.	294	-	Balrampur (SC)
	295.	295	-	Mehnaun
	296.	296	-	Gonda
	297.	297	-	Katra Bazar
	298.	298	-	Colonelganj
	299.	299	-	Tarabganj
	300.	300	-	Mankapur (SC)
	301.	301	-	Gaura
	302.	302	-	Shohratgarh
	303.	303	-	Kapilvastu (SC)
	304.	304	-	Bansi
	305.	305	-	Itwa
	306.	306	-	Domariyaganj
	307.	307	-	Harraiya
	308.	308	-	Kaptanganj
	309.	309	-	Rudhauli
	310.	310	-	Basti Sadar

	311.	311	-	Mahadewa (SC)
	312.	312	-	Menhdawal
	313.	313	-	Khalilabad
	314.	314	-	Dhanghata (SC)
	315.	315	-	Pharenda
	316.	316	-	Nautanwa
	317.	317	-	Siswa
	318.	318	-	Maharajganj (SC)
	319.	319	-	Paniyra
	320.	320	-	Caimpiyarganj
		321	-	Pipraich
×	322.	322	-	Gorakhpur Urban
	323.	323	-	Gorakhpur Rural
1314	324.	324	-	Sahajanwa
67	325.	325	-	Khajani (SC)
N.	326.	326	-	Chauri-Chaura
and a	327.	327	-	Bansgaon (SC)
www.royalpai	328.	328	-	Chillupar
		329	-	Khadda
	330.	330	-	Padrauna
	331.	331	-	Tamkuhi Raj
	332.	332	-	Fazilnagar
	333.	333	-	Kushinagar
	334.	334	-	Hata
	335.	335	-	Ramkola (SC)
	336.	336	-	Rudrapur
	337.	337	-	Deoria
	338.	338	-	Pathardeva
	339.	339	-	Rampur Karkhana
	340.	340	-	Bhatpar Rani
	341.	341	-	Salempur (SC)
	342.	342	-	Barhaj
	343.	343	-	Atrauliya
	344.	344	-	Gopalpur
	345.	345	-	Sagri

	346.	346	-	Mubarakpur
	347.	347	-	Azamgarh
	348.	348	-	Nizamabad
	349.	349	-	Phoolpur-Pawai
	350.	350	-	Didarganj
	351.	351	-	Lalganj (SC)
	352.	352	-	Mehnagar (SC)
	353.	353	-	Madhuban
	354.	354	-	Ghosi
	355.	355	-	Muhammadabad-Gohna (SC)
		356	-	Mau
÷.	357.	357	-	Belthara Road (SC)
3	358.	358	-	Rasara
1211	359.	359	-	Sikanderpur
6	360.	360	-	Phephana
N.	361.	361	-	Ballia Nagar
www.royalpat	362.	362	-	Bansdih
	363.	363	-	Bairia
	364.	364	-	Badlapur
	365.	365	-	Shahganj
	366.	366	-	Jaunpur
	367.	367	-	Malhani
	368.	368	-	Mungra Badshahpur
	369.	369	-	Machhlishahr (SC)
	370.	370	-	Mariyahu
	371.	371	-	Zafrabad
	372.	372	-	Kerakat (SC)
	373.	373	-	Jakhanian (SC)
	374.	374	-	Saidpur (SC)
	375.	375	-	Ghazipur
	376.	376	-	Jangipur
	377.	377	-	Zahoorabad
	378.	378	-	Mohammadabad
	379.	379	-	Zamania
	380.	380	-	Mughalsarai

	381.	381	-	Sakaldiha
	382.	382	-	Saiyadraja
	383.	383	-	Chakia (SC)
	384.	384	-	Pindra
	385.	385	-	Ajagara (SC)
	386.	386	-	Shivpur
	387.	387	-	Rohaniya
	388.	388	-	Varanasi North
	389.	389	-	Varanasi South
	390.	390	-	Varanasi Cantt.
www.royalpat		391	-	Sevapuri
	392.	392	-	Bhadohi
	393.	393	-	Gyanpur
	394.	394	-	Aurai (SC)
	395.	395	-	Chhanbey (SC)
	396.	396	-	Mirzapur
	397.	397	-	Majhawan
	398.	398	-	Chunar
	399.	399	-	Marihan
	400.	400	-	Ghorawal
	401.	401	-	Robertsganj
	402.	402	-	Obra (ST)
	403.	403	-	Duddhi (ST)
	I			



UTTAR PRADESH ASSEMBLY CONSTITUENCY							
PHASE - 1	PHASE - 2	PHASE - 3	PHASE - 4	PHASE - 5	PHASE - 6	PHASE - 7	
8 - Kairana	1 - Behat	78 - Hathras (SC)	127 - Pilibhit	178 - Tiloi	277 - Katehari	343 - Atrauliya	
9 - Thana Bhawan 10 - Shamli	2 - Nakur 3 - Saharanpur Nagar	79 - Sadabad 80 - Sikandra Rao	128 - Barkhera 129 - Puranpur (SC)	181 - Salon (SC) 184 - Jagdishpur (SC)	278 - Tanda 279 - Alapur (SC)	344 - Gopalpur 345 - Sagri	
11 - Budhana	4 - Saharanpur	95 - Tundla (SC)	130 - Bisalpur	185 - Gauriganj	280 - Jalalpur	346 - Mubarakpur	
12 - Charthawal	5 - Deoband	96 - Jasrana	137 - Palia	186 - Amethi	281 - Akbarpur	347 - Azamgarh	
13 - Purqazi (SC) 14 - Muzaffar Nagar	6 - Rampur Maniharan (SC)	97 - Firozabad 98 - Shikohabad	138 - Nighasan 139 - Gola Gokrannath	187 - Isauli 188 - Sultanpur	291 - Tulsipur 292 - Gainsari	348 - Nizamabad 349 - Phoolpur-Pawai	
15 - Khatauli	7 - Gangoh	99 - Sirsaganj	140 - Sri Nagar (SC)	189 - Sadar	293 - Utraula	350 - Didarganj	
16 - Meerapur	17 - Najibabad	100 - Kasganj	141 - Dhaurahra	190 - Lambhua	294 - Balrampur (SC)	351 - Lalganj (SC)	
43 - Siwalkhas 44 - Sardhana	18 - Nagina (SC) 19 - Barhapur	101 - Amanpur 102 - Patiyali	142 - Lakhimpur 143 - Kasta (SC)	191 - Kadipur (SC) 236 - Chitrakoot	302 - Shohratgarh 303 - Kapilvastu (SC)	352 - Mehnagar (SC) 353 - Madhuban	
45 - Hastinapur (SC)	20 - Dhampur	103 - Aliganj	144 - Mohammdi	237 - Manikpur	304 - Bansi	354 - Ghosi	
46 - Kithore	21 - Nehtaur (SC)	104 - Etah	145 - Maholi	244 - Rampur Khas	305 - Itwa	355 - Muhammadabad-	
47 - Meerut Cantt. 48 - Meerut	22 - Bijnor 23 - Chandpur	105 - Marhara 106 - Jalesar (SC)	146 - Sitapur 147 - Hargaon (SC)	245 - Babaganj (SC) 246 - Kunda	306 - Domariyaganj 307 - Harraiya	Gohna (SC) 356 - Mau	
49 - Meerut South	24 - Noorpur	107 - Mainpuri	148 - Laharpur	247 - Vishwanath Ganj	308 - Kaptanganj	364 - Badlapur	
50 - Chhaprauli	25 - Kanth	108 - Bhongaon	149 - Biswan	248 - Pratapgarh	309 - Rudhauli	365 - Shahganj	
51 - Baraut 52 - Baghpat	26 - Thakurdwara 27 - Moradabad Rura	109 - Kishni (SC) 110 - Karhal	150 - Sevata 151 - Mahmoodabad	249 - Patti 250 - Raniganj	310 - Basti Sadar 311 - Mahadewa (SC)	366 - Jaunpur 367 - Malhani	
53 - Loni	28 - Moradabad Nagor	192 - Kaimganj (SC)	152 - Sidhauli (SC)	251 - Sirathu	312 - Menhdawal	368 - Mungra Badshahpur	
54 - Muradnagar	29 - Kundarki	193 - Amritpur	153 - Misrikh (SC)	252 - Manjhanpur (SC)	313 - Khalilabad	369 - Machhlishahr (SC)	
55 - Sahibabad 56 - Ghaziabad	30 - Bilari 31 - Chan (ausi (SC)	194 - Farrukhabad 195 - Bhojpur	154 - Sawayazpur 155 - Shahabad	253 - Chail 254 - Phaphamau	314 - Dhanghata (SC) 315 - Pharenda	370 - Mariyahu 371 - Zafrabad	
57 - Modi Nagar	32 - Asmoli	196 - Chhibramau	156 - Hardoi	255 - Soraon (SC)	316 - Nautanwa	372 - Kerakat (SC)	
58 - Dhaulana	33 - Cambhal	197 - Tirwa	157 - Gopamau (SC)	256 - Phulpur	317 - Siswa	373 - Jakhanian (SC)	
59 - Hapur (SC) 60 - Garhmukteshwar	34 Suar 35 - Chamraua	198 - Kannauj (SC) 199 - Jaswantnagar	158 - Sandi (SC) 159 - Bilgram-Mallanwan	257 - Pratappur 258 - Handia	318 - Maharajganj (SC) 319 - Paniyra	374 - Saidpur (SC) 375 - Ghazipur	
61 - Noida 🔍	36 - Bilaspur	200 - Etawah	160 - Balamau (SC)	259 - Meja	320 - Caimpiyarganj	376 - Jangipur	
62 - Dadri	37 - Rampur	201 - Bharthana (SC)	161 - Sandila	260 - Karachhana	321 - Pipraich	377 - Zahoorabad	
63 - Jewar 64 - Sikandrabad	38 - Milak (SC) 39 - Dhanaura (SC)	202 - Bidhuna 203 - Dibiyapur	162 - Bangermau 163 - Safipur (SC)	261 - Allahabad West 262 - Allahabad North	322 - Gorakhpur Urban 323 - Gorakhpur Rural	378 - Mohammadabad 379 - Zamania	
65 - 20'andshahr	40 - Naugawan Sadat	204 - Auraiya (SC)	164 - Mohan (SC)	263 - Allahabad South	324 - Sahajanwa	380 - Mughalsarai	
66 Syana 57 - Anupshahr	41 - Amroha 42 - Hasanpur	205 - Rasulabad (SC) 206 - Akbarpur-Raniya	165 - Unnao 166 - Bhagwantnagar	264 - Bara (SC) 265 - Koraon (SC)	325 - Khajani (SC) 326 - Chauri-Chaura	381 - Sakaldiha 382 - Saiyadraja	
- Debai	111 - Gunnaur	200 - Akbarpur-Kalliya 207 - Sikandra	167 - Purwa	266 - Kursi	327 - Bansgaon (SC)	383 - Chakia (SC)	
69 - Shikarpur	112 - Bisauli (SC)	208 - Bhognipur	168 - Malihabad (SC)	267 - Ram Nagar	328 - Chillupar	384 - Pindra	
70 - Khurja (SC) 71 - Khair (SC)	113 - Sahaswan 114 - Bilsi	209 - Bilhaur (SC) 210 - Bithoor	169 - Bakshi Kaa Talab 170 - Sarojini Nagar	268 - Barabanki 269 - Zaidpur (SC)	329 - Khadda 330 - Padrauna	385 - Ajagara (SC) 386 - Shivpur	
72 - Barauli	115 - Badaun	211 - Kalyanpur	171 - Lucknow West	270 - Dariyabad	331 - Tamkuhi Raj	387 - Rohaniya	
73 - Atrauli	116 - Shekhupur	212 - Govindnagar	172 - Lucknow North	271 - Rudauli	332 - Fazilnagar	388 - Varanasi North	
74 - Chharra 75 - Koil	117 - Dataganj 118 - Baheri	213 - Sishamau 214 - Arya Nagar	173 - Lucknow East 174 - Lucknow Central	272 - Haidergarh (SC) 273 - Milkipur (SC)	333 - Kushinagar 334 - Hata	389 - Varanasi South 390 - Varanasi Cantt.	
76 - Aligarh	119 - Meerganj	215 - Kidwai Nagar	175 - Lucknow Cantt.	274 - Bikapur	335 - Ramkola (SC)	391 - Sevapuri	
77 - Iglas (SC)	120 - Bhojipura	216 - Kanpur Cantt.	176 - Mohanlalganj (SC)	275 - Ayodhya	336 - Rudrapur	392 - Bhadohi	
81 - Chhata 82 - Mant	121 - Nawabganj 122 - Faridpur (SC)	217 - Maharajpur 218 - Ghatampur (SC)	177 - Bachhrawan (SC) 179 - Harchandpur	276 - Goshainganj 282 - Balha (SC)	337 - Deoria 338 - Pathardeva	393 - Gyanpur 394 - Aurai (SC)	
83 - Goverdhan	123 - Bithari Chainpur	219 - Madhaugarh	180 - Rae Bareli	283 - Nanpara	339 - Rampur Karkhana		
84 - Mathura	124 - Bareilly	220 - Kalpi	182 - Sareni	284 - Matera	340 - Bhatpar Rani	396 - Mirzapur	
85 - Baldev (SC) 86 - Etmadpur	125 - Bareilly Cantt. 126 - Aonla	221 - Orai (SC) 222 - Babina	183 - Unchahar 232 - Tindwari	285 - Mahasi 286 - Bahraich	341 - Salempur (SC) 342 - Barhaj	397 - Majhawan 398 - Chunar	
87 - Agra Cantt. (SC)	131 - Katra	223 - Jhansi Nagar	233 - Baberu	287 - Payagpur	357 - Belthara Road (SC)		
88 - Agra South	132 - Jalalabad	224 - Mauranipur (SC)	234 - Naraini (SC)	288 - Kaiserganj	358 - Rasara	400 - Ghorawal	
89 - Agra North 90 - Agra Rural (SC)	133 - Tilhar 134 - Powayan (SC)	225 - Garautha 226 - Lalitpur	235 - Banda 238 - Jahanabad	289 - Bhinga 290 - Shrawasti	359 - Sikanderpur 360 - Phephana	401 - Robertsganj 402 - Obra (ST)	
91 - Fatehpur Sikri	135 - Shahjahanpur	227 - Mehroni (SC)	239 - Bindki	295 - Mehnaun	361 - Ballia Nagar	403 - Duddhi (ST)	
92 - Kheragarh 93 - Fatehabad	136 - Dadraul	228 - Hamirpur	240 - Fatehpur	296 - Gonda	362 - Bansdih		
93 - Fatehabad 94 - Bah		229 - Rath (SC) 230 - Mahoba	241 - Ayah Shah 242 - Husainganj	297 - Katra Bazar 298 - Colonelganj	363 - Bairia		
		231 - Charkhari	243 - Khaga (SC)	299 - Tarabganj			
				300 - Mankapur (SC) 301 - Gaura			
				Julia Jaula			



## "NO VOTER TO BE LEFT BEHIND"



# भारत निर्वाचन आयोग **Election Commission of India**

Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road, New Delhi -110001 www.eci.gov.in



#### www.rovalueatian wwww.rovalueatian www.rovalueatian www.r



## **ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**

Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road, New Delhi -110001 www.eci.gov.in

# Conduct of General Elections/Bye-elections during COVID

## **Revised Broad Guidelines**

www.royalpatiala.in

## 2022

## **Election Commission of India**

### Conduct of General Elections/Bye-elections during COVID

### **Revised Broad Guidelines, 2022**

Election Commission of India, on 21<sup>st</sup> August 2020, had issued "Broad guidelines for conduct of General Elections/Bye-elections during COVID-19". The General Elections to legislative assemblies of Bihar, Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Assam, West Bengal and Puducherry were conducted accordingly. The Commission had also issued further instructions, from time to time, in view of the emerging COVID circumstances and advisories issued by Ministry of Home Affairs and MoHFW.

- 2. Article 172(1) of the Constitution of India states that the term of the legislative assembly shall be five years from the date of its first meeting. The term of state assemblies of Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Punjab, Goa and Manipur is due to expire starting from 15.3.2022. The relevant provisions of The Representation of Peoples Act, 1950, and The Representation of Peoples Act, 1951 govern the electoral process.
- 3. **Complexion held consultations with all National and State Political parties** in all the poll going states who suggested that elections should be held in time opplie enforcing the covid appropriate behavior.
- Commission also held consultations with Union Home Secretary, Union Health Secretary and Medical experts, Chief Secretaries and Health Secretaries of all poll going states regarding prevailing covid situation and measures being taken/ planned by them.

www.rc

- 5. **The safety of vote and voters**, both are equally and critically important in the democracy. Therefore, it is duty of the Commission to fulfil its constitutional mandate and those of Authorities/ Committee(s) under the Disaster Management Act, 2005 (DM Act) to extend support as per legal and institutional framework to steer elections even during unprecedented pandemic for putting elected government in place within due time.
- 6. The Disaster Management Act, 2005 (DM Act) provides for the effective management of disaster(s) and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. A comprehensive institutional regime has been set up under the DM Act with National Disaster Management Authority(NDMA) at the Apex level u/s 3(1), National Executive Committee (NEC) u/s8(1), State Disaster Management Authority (SDMA) u/s 14(1), State Executive Committee (SEC) headed by the Chief Secretary of the State u/s 20(1) and the District Disaster Management Authority headed by District Magistrate u/s 25(2a). The DM Act mandates and makes such designated Authorities/Committee(s) responsible to prepare plan; prescribe regulatory/ mitigation regime and enforcement thereof; seek community/ inter agency coordination and to monitor implementation of the prescribed directions to contain, mitigate, control damage and providing assistance to the effected persons. The DM Act also empowers the designated authorities/ Committee(s) to take appropriate legal/ punitive action against violators of its directions u/s 51-60 of the Act.
- 7. Commission, after briefing by the Chairperson of the NEC and the Chairpersons of the SECs of the five poll going states, took note of the action being taken from time to time by such designated authorities / Committee(s) under the legal / institutional mechanism created by the DM Act,2005. With respect to the

pandemic caused by Covid 19 and subsequent variants of the same, implementation of the Covid appropriate behavior as per the regime prescribed by such designated Authorities / Committee(s) assumes criticality during the electoral process. In view of Variant of Concern (VOC) named as Omicron notified by MoHFW and the prevailing situation, the Commission has examined its existing guidelines and hereby, in supersession of all its earlier guidelines on the subject, further revises/ modifies its broad guidelines comprehensively to complement and not repeat not to substitute the mandate/ responsibility of the Authorities/ Committee(s) under the Disaster Management Act, 2005 (DM Act).

The Commission directs that during electoral process Chief Secretary at State 8. level and District Magistrate at District level, shall be primarily responsible for monitoring, supervision and strict enforcement of these COVID guidelines and the quidelines issued by NDMA and respective SDMA/DDMA, whichever is more stringent.

### Details of the broad guidelines are as follows:

#### <u>Campaign</u> parties/contesting the political by <u>candidates/Others</u>

It is expected that all stakeholders namely political parties, candidates, campaigners, voters and authorities engaged in the election process shall always be conscious of their prime duty towards public health / safety and therefore shall abide by these general instructions and other norms of Covid appropriate behavior as mandated by the respective authorities prescribed under the law.

- www.roya 2. No road show, Pad-yatra, cycle/bike/vehicle rally and procession shall be allowed till 15 January, 2022. Commission shall subsequently review the situation and issue further instructions accordingly.
  - 3. No physical rally of Political parties or probable candidates or any other group related to election shall be allowed till 15 January, 2022. Commission shall subsequently review the situation and issue further instructions accordingly.
  - 4. However, physical rallies during the campaign period, as and when permitted after the decision of the Commission shall be conducted subject to adherence to extant COVID-19 guidelines. The maximum limit of persons allowed for Indoor and outdoor rally/meeting shall be as per existing direction of respective SDMAs. For these meetings political parties shall distribute masks and sanitizers to persons attending and maintain COVID protocol at entry and exit point.
  - 5. District Election Officer should take following steps for this purpose:
    - I. District Election Officer should, in advance, identify dedicated grounds for public gathering with clearly marked Entry/Exit points.
    - II. In all such identified grounds, the District Election Officer should ensure that markers for social distancing norms are put in place in advance by organisers of the meeting/rally.
    - District Election Officer and District Superintendent of Police should III. ensure that the number of attendees do not exceed the limit prescribed by State Disaster Management Authority for public gatherings. DEO should depute Nodal Health officers to oversee that

COVID-19 instructions/quidelines are followed during these meetings.

- IV. The political parties and candidates concerned shall ensure that all COVID-19 related requirement like face masks, sanitizers, thermal scanning etc. are fulfilled during each of election related activities.
- 6. Further, rallies and meeting shall be allowed **only in earmarked places** and with prior permissions of district administration.
- 7. Each political party/candidate shall furnish an undertaking in the application form (under Suvidha) that it shall abide by all the extant instructions/guidelines in this regard.
- 8. Allocation of public spaces must be done using Suvidha app in the manner already prescribed by Commission.
- Between pm and 8 am no rallies and public meetings (akin to 9. **campaign curfew)** shall be allowed on any campaign day.
- 10. Nuclear Sabhas (meeting) will not be allowed on public roads, round abouts or public streets or corners.

 $\mathcal{G}$ urther, Political parties and candidates are advised to conduct their campaign as much as possible through digital/virtual/ media platforms /mobile based mode instead of physical mode ensuring strict compliance of Covid safety norms.

- www.roya 12. Door to Door Campaign- A maximum of 5 (five) persons including candidate, excluding security personnel, if any, shall be allowed to do door to door campaigning.
  - 13. The convoy of vehicles shall be broken after every 5 (five) vehicles and interval between two sets of convoys of vehicles should be half an hour instead of gap of 100 meters. (In supersession of Para 5.8.1of Returning Officer's Handbook 2019). During the permitted campaign period, convoy of vehicles will be allowed only for movement of vehicle from one point to another point for campaigning.
  - 14. The maximum number of star campaigners for recognized National/State political parties has been fixed <u>30 in place of 40</u>, for unrecognized political parties 15 in place of 20. Request for permission for campaign by star campaigners may be given at least 48 hours before the start of campaign to make all necessary safety arrangements.
  - 15. No victory procession after the counting shall be allowed and not more than two persons shall be allowed to accompany the winning candidate or his/her authorized representative to receive the certificate of election from Returning Officer.
  - 16. If a candidate or political party violates any of the above guidelines, no further permission shall be given to the concerned candidate/party for rallies, meetings etc.
  - 17. The Commission on 29th December, 2021 has directed Secretary, MoHFW to issue direction to treat all eligible govt. officials, deployed/engaged for elections, at par with Front Line Workers (FLWs) in the poll going states and to give them additional precaution dose of COVID-19.

- General Guidelines to be followed during entire election II. processes for all persons
- All person involved with the electoral process shall wear face mask 18. during the concerned election related activities.
- 19. Social distancing norms shall be strictly abided by all persons connected with election related activities as per the extant COVID guidelines of the State Govt. and Ministry of Home Affairs.
- 20. All Polling Personnel/Security Personnel/Counting Staff shall be doubly vaccinated before deploying/engaging in election related activities.
- 21. No Polling Agent/ Counting Agent etc. allowed to enter Counting hall/polling station without doubly vaccination.
- 22. No person shall be allowed to enter Counting hall without double vaccination and if they are not vaccinated/single vaccinated, RT-RCP/RAT from authorized lab will be required within 48 hours from start of polling/counting.

At the **entry of hall/ room/ premises** used for election purposes:

- **Thermal Scanning** of all persons shall be carried out;
- **Sanitizer** shall be made available on all entry points.
- As far as practicable, large halls should be identified and utilized to ensure social distancing norms.
- 25. Adequate number of vehicles shall be mobilized for movement of polling personnel, security personnel to ensure compliance of COVID-19 guidelines.
- www.royal 26. Create awareness among the public for COVID appropriate behavior including self-monitoring.
  - 27. **Nodal Health Officer:** Nodal Health Officer shall be designated for the State Level, the District Level and the Assembly Constituency Level to oversee COVID related arrangements and, preventive measures during entire electoral process.

#### 28. **EVMs/VVPATs**

- First & Second randomization and preparation of EVMs/VVPATs shall i. be done in large halls.
- ii. Sanitizers shall be provided in sufficient quantity for use during the process.
- iii. Gloves shall be made available to each official handling EVM/VVPAT.
- 29. **Election Material:** Election Material Kit will be prepared in a spacious and sufficiently large hall following all safety, sanitation and social distancing measures.

#### 30. Distribution and Collection of Election Material

- i. Large halls/spaces should be identified for distribution/collection of election material.
- As far as practicable, it should be organized in decentralized manner. ii.
- iii. Prior time should be allocated to the polling teams for distribution/collection of election material.

### 31 **<u>Timing of 3<sup>rd</sup> randomization of Polling Staff:</u>**

Timing for 3rd randomization of polling staff be increased **from 24 hrs to 72 hrs.** in order to avoid large gathering of polling staff at dispatch centres.

(This is in supersession of ECI No. 464/Inst/2008/EPS dated 19<sup>th</sup> September, 2008)

## 32. Kit for Polling Officer

The following items shall be provided to every polling official and security personnel (Other than those where PPEs are needed) in addition to other prescribed items:

- i. Mask
- ii. Sanitizer
- iii. Face-Shield
  - Gloves

## 33. **Fraining and capacity Building** i. As far as practicable, training in decentralized manner at I ii. Training for election offic mode. iii. All PPTs to cli

- i. As far as practicable, training of election officials will be organized in decentralized manner at large halls.
- ii. Training for election officials may be organized through online mode.
- iii. All PPTs, training materials, relevant documents, topic wise video clips, question papers for self-assessment may be uploaded in app/ portal so that any election official can access it as per requirement.
- Sufficient number of Polling/Counting/Poll related staffs shall also be kept in reserve by DEO/RO, to replace in case any polling personnel displays COVID-I9 symptoms.
- 34. **Nomination Process** Following additional options to facilitate online mode are hereby provided:
  - i. Nomination form will also be available online on the website of CEO/DEO. An intending candidate may fill in it online and its print may be taken for submitting before the Returning Officer as specified in Form-1 (Rule-3 of Conduct of Election Rules 1961).
  - ii. Affidavit may also be filled in online on the website of CEO/DEO and its print can be taken and after notarization it may be submitted along with the nomination form before the Returning Officer.
  - ii. Candidate may deposit security money through **online mode** at the designated platform. However, a candidate will continue to have the option of deposit in cash in the treasury.
  - iv. Candidate may have the option to seek his/her elector certification for the purpose of nomination online.
  - v. Number of persons to accompany candidate for submission of Nomination is restricted to two (2). (This is in supersession of 5 (five)

as per the existing **Para 5.8.1of Returning Officer's Handbook 2019**).

- /i. Maximum number of vehicles for the purposes of nomination is restricted to two (2) (This is in supersession of the existing Para 5.8.1of Returning Officer's Handbook 2019)
- ii. Returning Officer's chamber should have sufficient space to perform the functions of nomination, scrutiny and symbol allocation following social distancing norms.
- ii. Returning Officer should allot staggered time in advance to prospective candidates.
- x. Large space for waiting for candidate(s) should be arranged.
- x. All steps required to be taken for the submission of nomination form and affidavit shall continue to operate as per the provisions contained in the Representation of the People Act, 1951.

### 35. No of electors in Polling Station

There shall be maximum 1250 electors instead of 1500 electors in a colling station.

# Polling Station Arrangements Commission has issued d facilities at each point following addining addin

Commission has issued detailed instructions for assured minimum facilities at each polling station. Now, in view of COVID situation, following additional facilities/steps should be taken:

- i. Mandatory sanitization of Polling Station, preferably, a day before the poll.
- ii. Thermal Scanner at the entry point of every polling station location.
- **iii.** Thermal Checking of voters at entry point of polling station location/Polling station, either by polling staff or Para Medical staff or Asha worker.
- iv. If temperature is above the set norms of MoH&FW at first reading, then it will be checked twice and if it remains, then the elector shall be provided with token/certificate and will be asked to come for voting <u>at the last hour of poll</u>. At the last hour of poll, such electors shall be facilitated voting, strictly following COVID-19 related preventive measures.
- v. Help Desk for distribution of token to the voters of first come first basis so that they do not wait in the queue.
- vi. Marker to demonstrate social distancing for queue.
- vii. Earmarking circle for 15-20 persons of 2 yards (6 feet) distance for voters standing in the queue depending on the availability of space. There shall be three queues each, for male, female, and PwD/ Senior citizen voters.
- viii. The services of BLOs, volunteers etc may be engaged to monitor and regulate social distancing norms strictly.
- ix. One shaded waiting areas with chairs, dari etc. will be provided, for male and female separately, within the polling station premises so that voters can participate in voting without safety concerns.

- Wherever possible, Booth App shall be used at the polling station. х.
- xi. Sanitizer should be provided at the entry/exit point of every polling station.
- Face Masks in reserves for those electors who are not carrying xii. the mask will be kept.
- xiii. Awareness posters on COVID should be displayed at visible locations.
- Sitting arrangement in polling station for the polling personnel and xiv. polling agents shall be made as per the norms of social distancing.
- xv. If polling agent or counting agent is having temperature above the prescribed limit, then their reliever shall be allowed by Presiding Officer, who will keep a record accordingly.
- During the process of identification of voter, the voters will require xvi. Nower the facemask for identification, when required.

xvii OAt any given time, only 1(one) voter shall be allowed to stand in front of each polling official maintaining social distance.

Hand gloves shall be provided to the voter, for signing on the voter register and pressing button of EVM for voting.

Sanitizers shall be kept inside the booth at appropriate locations with clear direction for the use by voters.

with the second states in the COVID patients and all other who may be under guarantine will be allowed to cast their vote at the last hour of the poll day at their respective Polling Stations, under the supervision of health authorities, strictly following COVID-19 related preventive measures. Sector Magistrates shall coordinate this activity in their allocated polling stations.

#### 37. Postal Ballot

Option of Postal Ballot facility has been extended to the electors of following categories:

- i. Electors who are flagged as Persons with Disabilities (PwD) and who are having benchmark disabilities.
- ii. Electors above the age of 80 years
- iii. Electors employed in notified essential services
- iv. Electors who are COVID positive/suspect and in quarantine (home/institutional

#### 38. Strong-room Arrangement

- Strong Room should be sanitized before the storage of polled I. EVMs.
- II. Social Distancing and other safety norms shall be followed for each activity.

#### 39. **Counting of votes**

- At entry of Counting Hall there must be facility of Thermal Scanning and Sanitizer.
- Counting Centers shall be disinfected before and after the counting.
- Counting Hall be sufficiently big to maintain social distancing, proper ventilation, windows, exhaust fan etc.
- Anyone, even after double vaccinated, having any symptom of COVID like fever, Cold etc. will not be allowed in Counting hall.
- Every Counting Official and Security personnel be provided with Mask, Sanitizer, Face-Shield and Hand Gloves.
- I. Not more than 7 counting tables should be allowed in a counting hall. Hence, counting of votes of a constituency may be considered a 3.4 halls by appointing additional Assistant Returning Officers. (In supersession of instructions dated 30th April, 2014)

The counting centers shall be disinfected before, during and after the counting.

- www.royalpatia For counting of Postal Ballots, additional number of AROs may be required. If required, Postal Ballots may also be counted in a hall under the supervision separate of the Returning Officer/Assistant Returning officer.
  - DEO shall appoint a Nodal Officer at each Counting Centre to ensure compliance of COVID guidelines with assistance of Nodal Health Officer and Compliance Certificate in r/o Counting Centre arrangement as per COVID guidelines from Health Authorities be taken.
  - ii. List of counting agents be made available by candidates to RO by 1700 hours on day three days prior to counting.
  - iii. No public gathering outside the counting venue during process of counting.
  - iv. Candidate may appoint/replace counting agents in case report is positive.

Needless to add that anybody violating instructions on COVID-19 measures will be liable to be proceeded against as per the provisions of Section 51 to 60 of the Disaster Management Act, 2005, besides legal action under Section 188 of the IPC, and other legal provisions as applicable, as specified in Order No. 40-3/2020-DM-I(A) dated 29th July, 2020 of Ministry of Home Affairs. District Election Officer should bring this to the notice of all concerned.

Further , the Chief Secretary cum Ex officio chairperson of the State Executive Committee under section 20 of the DM Act, 2005 shall, as and when required and as per the evolving/ contextual needs of the State, at once bring to the notice of the Commission any new trend, development / situation that is not covered by these **broad guidelines for General Elections** and warrants Commission's intervention during the electoral process in the state so as to enable Commission to issue further appropriate instructions with respect to electoral process and thereby complementing the mandate/ efforts of the State Executive Committee in containing/ managing the spread of pandemic.

<mark>\*\*\*\*</mark>

www.royalpatiala.in





## **ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**

Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road, New Delhi -110001 www.eci.gov.in